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VOL. 14. VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, FEB. 27, 1891. No. 52

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The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.
Fe23-tf

LIBERALS VICTORIOUS,

BIG SUCCESSES ALL THROUGH EASTERN CANADA.

Favorable Showing as Compared With Last General Election—Only One Conservative Elected by Acclamation East of Manitoba—Laurier Sure of Majority in Quebec.

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—East of Manitoba, only one Conservative was elected by acclamation, Tyrwhitt of Simcoe. On the other hand, Laurier of Quebec east, Vaillancourt, of Dorchester, Que., Renfret of Lothbiniere and Joncas, of Gaspe, are all Liberals who have been returned. The latter was an Independent, but has joined the Liberals.

In Manitoba Larivière, who was elected by acclamation, is for unrestricted reciprocity. In '87 the Conservatives won six seats by acclamation, so that thus far the Liberals have the best of it. From all parts of the country encouraging hopes of success come, and every day adds to the numbers of the reciprocity party. A private telegram from Laurier says Quebec will give him a majority of fifteen, while at the last elections the Conservatives had nine. Ottawa will elect one Liberal. Belcourt, the labor candidate is a Liberal and will get all the Liberal support. He stands a fair chance.

LONDON DISPATCHES.

Gossip from the World's Metropolis by Telegraph—Interesting Items.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—A society has been formed in Germany for the suppression of usury throughout the empire.

The Italian minister of war is entirely remodelling the artillery service.

Sir John Gorst, who is secretary for India under Lord Salisbury, expressed himself yesterday in favor of creating the office of minister of industry, to look after the interest of the working classes. He also said that the importation of foreign pauper labor was a subject well worthy of the consideration of the government.

Because of the numerous applications by non-union dock laborers, the shipping federation is encouraged in its resistance to the demands of the stevedores, and will probably issue a notice that until the boycott on it is removed, it will employ only non-union laborers. The federation announces its financial resources are ample, as it has not expended half the amount raised by the first levy of a penny per ton on its members.

WILL DEMAND SATISFACTION.

According to a Berlin dispatch the treatment of the Empress Frederick in Paris is arousing very bitter feeling in court circles and the animosity displayed towards France is deeper than it has been in many years. This is exactly what was predicted in France as likely to happen when the kaiser permitted the intimation to go out of his own intention to visit Paris. It was then stated by a well known French authority that the German Emperor's visit would more likely hasten than prevent a European war. It is said the Kaiser has resolved to demand satisfaction from the French Government for the annoyance and hostility to which his mother has been subjected in Paris. Latest advices from Paris show the feelings run very high in that city and it might be dangerous for that government to offer the semblance of an apology to the Kaiser, and it is not at all likely that any explanation whatever will be given.

COASTING ACCIDENT.

Charles Keefer, of Vancouver, Badly Hurt—Probably Fatal.

Special to the TIMES.]

VANCOUVER, Feb. 27.—A serious accident occurred here at 8:30 last evening on Mount Pleasant. While coasting down hill, a sled on which was a young man, Charles Keefer, nephew of Geo. A. Keefer, collided with a hack. Keefer had one leg broken and badly fractured, and his head terribly cut and the skull fractured. He is not expected to recover.

Trouble Brewing.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—There seems to be trouble brewing in the North-west division of the Western Passenger Association, in consequence of the persistent demand of the Chicago, St. Paul and Kansas City road for authority to make special rates for the first regiment of the Minnesota guard from St Paul to Chicago, on the occasion that the regiment's proposed visit to New York to take part in the national encampment next June. Traffic manager Busenbark, of the above road, proposed to make the rate equal to $15½ per mile, or in other words to charge only $1200 for a special train, claiming that the profit would be about equal to the revenue received from the average train between these points. The other north-western lines objected to this on the grounds that the charge was too low for the service, and that a bad precedent would be established by making train instead of individual rates.

Alaska Mail Service.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Ivan Pnecoff, special census agent for Alaska, has recently returned from Washington. He stated to-day while at the capital he saw the second assistant postmaster-general. That official informed him that funds were available for transporting a monthly mail between San Francisco, Ungakamak and Ounalaska, via Sitka. The Pacific Coast Steamship Co. had made a bid for the service, but its terms were beyond the limit of the amount at the disposal of the post-office department, which is anxious to receive tenders from other firms for the service.

ANOTHER ENGLISH OPINION.

Views of the Speaker, The New Liberal Weekly Published in London.

In an article on "Sir John Macdonald's Change of Front" the London Speaker of Feb. 7 says:—"For twelve years now Canada has been under Tory rule. During that period Sir John Macdonald has pursued what is known as the National Policy. In one way the National Policy has been of service to Canada and the Empire. Sir John has built up a magnificent railway system, which has unified the detached provinces of the Dominion and promoted the military interests of the Empire. He has also subsidized railways to promote his own interests, until the government has become something like a vast transportation company. This policy has been carried out at a tremendous cost to the Canadian people, which the commercial side of Sir John's system has rendered it all the harder to bear. He has adopted a policy of commercial isolation, imposing high tariffs against the United States, the mother country and other foreign nations. It is this policy which has checked the development of the Dominion and oppressed its people. Its commerce expands but slowly; its population remains stationery. The only things which have shown a vigorous tendency to increase have been the national debt and the import duties. The good which Sir John Macdonald has done in one direction has been nullified by his restrictive policy, which has arrested the material growth of the Dominion, to the profit of its big neighbor the United States. The recent American census shows that there are 1,000,000 native Canadians resident in the States. To these must be added other two millions made up of their children and of emigrants, some of whom the Canadian Government have "assisted" out. These three millions Canada might have retained if it had been in a healthy and prosperous condition. But no country can flourish under high protection, least of all a new country. The population in 52 out of 82 rural constituencies in Ontario—by far the richest Province in Canada—has decreased during the last ten years, and the total population of the province has only increased 4,000 in that period.

"It was when Canada had closer commercial relations with the United States that it showed the greatest expansion. During the period when the reciprocity treaty was in force—from 1855 to 1865 Canadian trade received

ITS GREATEST IMPULSE.

In the latter year the export trade to the United States amounted to close on $40,000,000—almost as much as it is to-day. In twelve years under reciprocity it had increased 280 per cent.; in the 23 years since the increase has only been 9 per cent. The Liberal administration which came to an end in 1878 adopted a far less restrictive policy than its successor, and the country was consequently more prosperous. The manufactured goods exported in 1888 were of less value than the quantity exported in 1876. Sir John Macdonald's protection, therefore, has not paid. The country has become more and more restless under it, and for several years a general demand has been made by the Liberal party for reciprocity with the United States.

"It has often been pointed out that for commercial purposes Canada should be an integral part of the United States. Its provinces are separated by great lakes and mountain ranges, but all join naturally to the States. It is in the interest of Nova Scotia to trade with New England. The rich Province of Ontario prefers to deal with the five millions of people in the neighboring States of Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota, rather than with the five millions scattered about from Victoria to Halifax—over a territory 4,000 miles in length and 300 miles wide. The commercial headquarters of the new Canada Northwest is not Winnipeg or Toronto, but Minneapolis and St. Paul. The easy interchange of commerce is eminently to the advantage of both countries. Rich in mineral resources, producing more ores than it can manufacture, Canada is able to supply American manufacturers with the raw material they need. The Americans want the produce of the Canadian farms and forests, and all the surplus articles of consumption. Although the interchange of commerce has been hampered by custom houses along 2,000 miles of frontier, Canadian trade has in recent years been more and more with the United States. In 1889 Canada exported goods to the value of $43,500,000 to the United States as compared with $38,000,000 to England and $7,000,000 to other countries America takes almost all the export of Canadian iron, coal, hides, beef, oats, salt, hay, straw, potatoes, and lumber. It is evident, therefore, that the best policy for Canada is to cultivate friendly commercial relations with its southern neighbor in order to find a market for its surplus crops and raw material. In return it will import manufactured goods cheaper than they are produced at home, for the development of its young industries."

ANNIVERSARIES.

Important Events Which Transpired on This Day—A Historical Reminder.

FEBRUARY, 27TH.

Born—Longfellow, 1807.
Planche, 1796.
Dr. Howard Crosby, 1826.
Died—Nicholas Biddle, 1841.
John Evelyn, 1706.
Dr. John Arbuthnot, 1735.
Com. George B. White, 1890.
First Russian Embassy to England, 1558.

NOTICE.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company has again started running the afternoon trains on Saturdays and Mondays.

Attend the meeting at Victoria West this evening and hear the Independent Candidates Messrs. Marchant and Templeman.

THE INDEPENDENTS

Score Another Great Victory Last Evening.

Templeman and Marchant Warmly Received

By the Electors of Work Estate District.

Prior and Earle Invited, But do Not Appear.

Their Arguments at the Theatre Answered—The Fallacy of Protection Shown Up in Clear and Unmistakable Language—The Independent Platform Endorsed by the Meeting.

If warm receptions, kindly welcomes, patient hearings and decided endorsements of their platform are any indication of the success of the Independent candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, that success is assured. They have met with this treatment on all sides, and in quarters where sturdy opposition was anticipated, they have met with hearty approval.

The meeting in the school house, on King's Road, Work estate, last evening was no exception to those of the campaign already held. Mr. Heisterman was unanimously elected chairman, and a thoroughly capable president he made.

Mr. Heisterman thought that the time had come when the people should declare on the issue before them, and he was further of opinion that if the Liberal party won the victory in this contest we shall have unrestricted reciprocity with the United States (hear, hear).

Mr. William Marchant was the first speaker; he explained the position of the Independents, and having declared themselves on more than one occasion, in the clearest possible language, they challenged their opponents to do the same. For himself, he acknowledged the high honor which a large portion of the electorate had conferred upon him by asking him to be a candidate, and he thus considered it his duty to make himself known to the people of Victoria. But he found quite a friendly feeling taken towards him by the Colonist (laughter); he didn't know he was so popular. The Colonist had that morning paid him the compliment that he was very apt at scriptural quotations; he would like to give the editor another quotation, and that was—Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor—(applause), for he found there were quite

A FEW FALSE REFERENCES

to him of late. Mr. Earle had been reported to have said that he (Mr. Marchant) was selling goods made by cooly labor, thus competing with the whites. But anyone can see that the goods so referred to are such that no white labor does or can produce. Take Japanese laquer ware; it is made in no other country in the world but Japan. The Colonist takes up the cry that he (Mr. Marchant) claims to be anti-Chinese, while all the time he was competing with white labor. Now, Mr. Marchant would state, there and then, that he honestly believed that Chinese labor in this province is injurious to the general welfare and the material progress of both the country and the people (cheers). He claimed, and he did so with no uncertain sound, that the moral tone of their lives is certainly against the material progress of the people (applause), and further, seeing they do not desire to become capable citizens, they are undesirable therein alone. He would endeavor to place a very much higher tax than the present one, and would go further in the endeavor to restrict Chinese labor altogether by abolishing the return certificate (cheers). Consequently he admitted that he was anti-Chinese. He never imported Chinese goods in his life, and in importing Japanese goods he could honestly say that he was not entering into competition with white labor. Then the Colonist declared that one of the charges against him was that in advocating free trade with the United States he necessarily meant discrimination against Great Britain. He asked the electorate if there could be found in the addresses or public statements anything which would lead one to believe that they intended discrimination against the United States. There could not be found any intention to lower the tariff; they certainly did not intend to raise it. The state of the revenue, they honestly felt, would not permit them to touch it; therefore they would shake hands with Sir John on the question of trade relations with the United States. But the policy of Sir John is pointed directly against Great Britain and her manufacturers. Mr. Marchant instanced a matter in his own business. On that delicate porcelain ware imported from Japan we pay a duty of 30 per cent., while on the ordinary material imported from England, and called delf, or stone china, we pay a duty of 35 per cent. Is not that discriminating against the mother country? (Applause). Mr. Marchant then challenged Messrs. Prior and Earle

PUBLICLY PLEDGE THEMSELVES

to move in Parliament for freer trade relations with Great Britain, and he would do the same. They had not done so, but he would so pledge himself, now, if there is any possibility, in conformity with the revenue, to promote larger trade relations with the mother country (applause). In advocating larger trade relations with the United States, we are simply doing what our opponents, the Conservative party, are doing. They continually quote Mr. Blaine's and other Republican papers, as being against it; but one of the best friends of reciprocity is Mr. Blaine himself. He endeavors at all times to promote reciprocal trade relations with other countries. Let us, as honorable, straightforward business men, go and shake hands with Mr. Blaine and say "Let us make a treaty which will be honorable to both parties, and which will enhance the material progress of both our great Dominions" (cheers). Sir John sees at last that some change must be effected in this direction before the full evil effect of the McKinley tariff is felt by the farmers, and so he appeals to the country on an imperfect franchise list (hear, hear). We, however, must look to the future as well as the present; the next United States election will sweep the Republican party from power and return the Democrats who are pledged to a lower tariff (hear, hear). It is a well known axiom of political economy that all goods or merchandise exchanged between one country and another are paid for by goods received in exchange; and therefore the more goods we buy the more goods we shall sell. In all countries the exports and imports bear a certain relation towards each other, and this is the case in Canada. We pay for our goods by selling goods. Mr. Marchant instanced this in the case of a bank exchange in a mere commercial transaction. It had been claimed that free trade would benefit the States. Well, are there not always

TWO SIDES TO A BARGAIN?

and where a bargain is made between two business men, does not each think he is deriving a benefit from the transaction (hear, hear). The Colonist had brought up the usual question of direct taxation as a result of free trade, and makes it a great lever. Well, if the worst come to the worst, is direct taxation such a terrible thing to be feared? It is perfectly certain that $36,000,000 are altogether out of the question; and even if that sum were halved the amount of revenue necessary to conduct the affairs of the country would be over estimated. The Colonist writer has set up, in this question, a snowball bogey which will melt before the strong light of the sun. Supposing direct taxation were brought (although Mr. Marchant didn't advocate it) it would not be such a terrible thing. The people would then find less corruption; the money bags would not be flaunted before the constituencies at election time, and the poor man would find the price of his lot regulated by it. We have direct taxation in this province. But Mr. Marchant asserted that freer trade relations with the United States will not bring direct taxation. This is one of the bogies which the Colonist and the party it supports have placed before the people to scare them. Mr. Marchant created considerable amusement by showing up the absurd contradictions in the utterances of Mr. Chas. Wilson, and the effusions of Captain McCallum. Mr. Marchant showed that in our free trade relations with the United States, there would be the "little that trickles through the fingers and remains behind" to the benefit of Canada. They say that a good deal trickles through the fingers of the election expenses of Sir John's party, but of course that is only a libel. (Great laughter.)

Mr. Templeman received quite as warm a welcome as his collegue. Speaking of the franchise he said he knew from public feeling that, if all the people in this city, who had a right to vote, could vote, Mr. Marchant and himself would be returned with an overwhelming majority on March 5th (applause). It would be remembered that the Conservative candidates had never mentioned the franchise at the Victoria Theater. They steered clear of it. But it would also be remembered that Mr. Prior, at least, was one of those who voted against any amendment to this act. The ultra loyal element in this community had endeavored to raise the loyalty cry, in the hope of obscuring very many important issues. Both Mr. Prior and Mr. Earle passed over the question of the appropriations very lightly indeed. Mr. Templeman thought he had made one matter clear, and that was that the province was $562,000 out of pocket last year. The Colonist had published an editorial, in which it said we have received $212,000 as the Dominion subsidy to carry on the provincial government, and wondered whether he, Mr. Templeman, had purposely omitted these amounts. This was an entirely wrong argument, for the Colonist should have known that this did not enter into the matter at all, as it was only a return for something we have already given (hear, hear). Mr. Templeman corroborated his statements by a reference to the terms of union, and showed that the Colonist in saying that he had misrepresented anything was itself astray, and he was very sorry to see that Mr. Charles Wilson had repeated the statement (hear, hear). A very great grievance was this question of appropriations from the Dominion Government. Were he to make a comparison of Victoria's payments and receipts from the Dominion it would be found that something like a million dollars were sent to the Dominion treasury, and that the amount spent by the Dominion Government in return for all purposes, would be probably not over $200,000.

Mr. Heisterman—They have never done well by Victoria, never—(hear, hear).

Mr. Templeman continuing, said the question of trade was of great national importance, but this question of

THE TREATMENT OF VICTORIA

was of local importance, and, as Victorians, we cannot ignore the treatment Victoria has received from the Dominion government. If they considered this sort of treatment right, they could not do better than send Messrs. Prior and Earle back to Ottawa ("We won't do it.") At the meeting in the theatre Wednesday night, the speakers had referred to Mr. Templeman as an Indo.

(Continued on page 4.)

MORE FACTS FOR VOTERS

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR GUIDANCE ON MARCH FIFTH.

Matters of Trade and Commerce—Promises Made by the Conservatives and Never Fulfilled—Faith Continually Broken With the Electors.

Mr. Prior says that he is in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products such as "coal, fish, lumber, and ores." In Nova Scotia the people are told that there will be reciprocity in flour but not in coal. In Ontario the reciprocity yarn has been almost abandoned, and an attempt is being made to persuade the farmers that their best market is three thousand miles away. The Tories have a different commercial policy for every province, and almost for every constituency.

Mr. Alonzo Wright.

The Colonist will wriggle out of any thing, and it tries to get out of the fact that the above gentleman did not come to the Pacific coast to "get out of the way." As a matter of fact denial is no argument. Mr. Wright, finding a contest here, and not wishing to mix in it, went away again for the same reason that he left Ottawa., "It's a poor cause" when life-long partisans dodge round the country because they haven't the courage either to openly avow their change of front, or go over to the other side.

These Be They Who Rule us.

Sir Charles Tupper has said that he would not continue to hold office under a Liberal administration. "I would go into private life a thousand times and, if necessary, work for my bread with my hands, before I would degrade myself in the estimation of British statesmen by pretending to represent a government which would show such base ingratitude and such utter recreance to the best institutions of their country." The humor of this bit of bombast can be appreciated by those who know Sir Charles Tupper's ravenous appetite for public office and public money. When he relinquishes a salary of $10,000 a year, and a political residence now maintained at the expense of the people of Canada, it will not be from adherence to principle, but because he has received a pretty plain and unequivocal notice to quit.

The sentiment, "I would work for my bread with my hands before I would degrade myself," etc., is very pretty, but the workingman will know whether it is degrading to "work with his hands for his bread."

Oh! Bless You Not at All.

Sir Charles Tupper began his speech on Tuesday night by saying that he was not there to exaggerate. Then he declared without stopping that Sir John was "the most distinguished statesman, not only on the American continent but in the world," Tupper himself being no doubt second best.

This is How It Goes.

The manufacturers of St. Thomas are almost unanimous in the opinion that with free trade with the United States they will be able to run full time and pay their men higher wages than they pay now. Superintendent Brown of the Michigan Central Railway told the employees of the company that their wages could not be as high as the wages paid on the main line because of the customs duties.

The Wrong Hog Supported.

Some of our Conservative contemporaries are saying that the hog industry will be destroyed by unrestricted reciprocity. If this remark applies to the tariff hog it is strictly true. The farmers have been feeding that hog too long.

For Tories Only.

Before the elections of 1887 Conservative Ministers went through Ontario telling the people that the net public debt was $196,000,000, when the Government had in its possession information that the net public debt was $223,000,000. The Ministers are now suppressing the trade and navigation returns for the last fiscal year, which ended June 30th, 1890.

FOR COL. PRIOR AND MR. EARLE.

TO THE EDITOR—I was very much surprised while at the public meeting last night, held in the interests of Messrs. Prior and Earle, to notice the lack of respect for the chairman. The fact stands out plainly that there are a certain class of men who, however much they may be respected as citizens, are not respected as chairmen of public political meetings, and of course should not be placed in that honorable position. While Col. Prior was telling the people what he had been trying to get from the Dominion government for the benefit of the district of Victoria, viz., a new postoffice, new customs house, new drill shed and $100,000 for harbor improvements, some person in the meeting called out and asked what he really did get. He then said he could not tell until he had examined his books and papers. Now, Mr. Editor, this shows that nothing of very much importance to his constituents or to the province in general has been gained by Col. Prior; it is more likely that he has been the only one benefitted, and that by receiving his mileage and salary.

During his remarks, Col. Prior stated that an enormous sum of money was lying on deposit in the chartered banks of the Dominion. Now this very fact does not speak well for the prosperity of the country. Why is this money not in circulation? Simply because the speculators are afraid to make any investments. It is time that this western country was enjoying a measure of prosperity. Otherwise Mr. Earle (who claims to be the workingman's friend) instead of having his money circulated among railroad builders, would have it locked up in some bank, drawing interest at 2½ or 3 per cent., which of course would go to swell the amount stated by Col. Prior. With reference to the Chinese question, Col. Prior would lead people to believe that he is in favor of more restrictive measures, but such was shown last night to be not the case. It will be remembered that neither Col. Prior nor Mr. Earle wish to be sent to Ottawa without the other, as they are bound to support each other in all matters which would affect their constituents. It will be remembered also that Mr. Earle stated in his address last night (after he got thoroughly warmed up) that he was not in favor of any more restrictive measures, and he left the impression that as the workingmen were gradually driving the Chinamen out that even the $50 tax now imposed might with safety be abolished, but I believe that every workingman entitled to vote will show to Messrs. Prior and Earle on March 5th that they don't look at the Chinese question in the same light.

I would like to say a few words about the way in which the meeting was brought to a close. I contend that it was very unjust that the opposition candidates were not given a chance to defend themselves from the same platform as the accusations were made, and I have no doubt that Col. Prior will say it was owing to the confusion when they were through, but as I said before the chairman must be blamed for that state of affairs, as there are men in this community whose appeals and commands for order will be respected.

As to public men being afraid of a just criticism, I would say that when a man enters public life he is in the same position as a professional base ball player, who during the season has a few fingers broken or an eye knocked out, but who knew before he signed articles that that was part of the game. The public lives of politicians are open for criticism and such men should make up their minds to stand it before they pose as public men.

A WORKINGMAN.

Victoria, Feb. 26th, 1891.

THE TRUE INWARDNESS.

TO THE EDITOR: How have the times changed?—I remember when the voice of a Liberal, although he had spoken never so wisely, would not be listened to, or if tolerated for a short time on a political platform in Victoria, it was his eloquence and not his cause, gained for him the indulgence. But now with:

"A tax on beer and a tax on bread,
And on all we wear from feet to head;
On machines for this, and machines for that,
On cattle and hogs both lean and fat;
On all we use in work or play
A percentage big we are made to pay,
To aid some N. P. strategers
Or foster some scheme of fogeydom."

So that in spite of the much abused cry of ingratitude we on Vancouver Island, at least begin to think that we are paying all too dear for our whistle.

Now, it is an open question to my mind that if twenty years ago we had permitted our local house to levy the imposts the Canadian Parliament have since levied whether we could not have built the railways to the Rockies and own it now as a provincial work. Sir, were I a candidate for the suffrages of the people of Victoria, methinks I could hit many a nail on the head which those already on the stump seem to eschew and strike, too, so that they would pierce many a heart in the province and gain recognition if it failed to secure votes.

What I know about politics in the eastern portion of the Dominion is little, and what I care to know is less. For is it not an admitted fact that politics on this continent is the adroit exercise of low cunning for self interest rather than that of state-craft for the public weal. What is the outcome of the political regime of the day? Huge syndicates and gigantic monopolies, by which individual freedom of action is circumscribed, and the brain and the hand work of the artisan of every craft will ere long be fettered by the dictation of corporations fostered by governments. Now this being an evil and a thing to be punished by the judges, still none of our four candidates have hinted at the growing abuse I see that the plausible and ubiquitous interviewer from the Colonist in order to bolster a party for which Ontario has no more use, has given the dictum of a few of our incipient manufacturers, they arguing from the surroundings and the experience of the hour can scarcely be blamed for the conclusions arrived at. But they seem to be ignorant of the vast fields which free trade, not with our neighbors alone but with the whole world, would open. Can these men place their finger on the map and point to a more desirable distributing point for the products of both hemispheres than Vancouver Island? I would ask these men have we so far degenerated that before entering upon any undertaking we must mulct our fellow-toilers daily and hourly to save us from possible loss, for this is the true inwardness of the system of bonuses and protection I maintain that were our merchants permitted to have free commercial intercourse with the nations, without the upas shadow of protection crippling their endeavors and thwarting every effort at expansion, our population in a few years would be quadrupled; and as commerce is the incentive to many industries, foundries and manufactures ever waiting on large shipping interests, would spring up wanting no aid from the robbing Peter to pay Paul policy of protection. Perhaps the advocates of the opposite system will call these ideas Utopian. In answer I say that what the British race have done in other places can surely be accomplished here. And as for our agricultural interests, I differ very much from Sir Oracle, the pioneer (?) grain dealer of the province. The farmers on the Fraser, save in one or two exceptional seasons, have had lower prices for their produce than could be obtained in any of the Sound markets.

For this reason the centers of population have increased out of all proportion to the capabilities of the surrounding agricultural districts to supply. Hence a liberal and constant home market has been the rule for many past seasons and who may say that this state of things will not continue for many years.

So that so far as British Columbia is concerned we have nothing to fear from the slaughtering of prices by our American neighbors. One word more: a day or two ago the owner of the never to be forgotten fossil of some period or division geologically that will ever be nameless advocated in a long effusion annexation. We thank him. Happily for him we can afford to laugh at his utterances, when under other circumstances, and more especially under the mutilated flag, they would be severely punished.

In a State of Siege.

Although in a state of siege we still live. Having completed a crossing at our door, we are now prepared to see our customers who may rest assured that our lines of pastry are second to none in this city. All the delicacies of the season. Meals at all hours and polite attention guaranteed at Steitz's Restaurant, 84 Yates street.

ADVERTISING PAYS.

A Fact Established Many Hundreds of Years Ago.

Means of Announcing Wares Before the Day of the Newspaper—The Continental and English Bell-Men—Modern Advertising Enterprise.

The wise in the business world have for many ages availed themselves of the science of advertising, says the Washington Star. One of the most ancient modes of attracting public patronage was by means of public criers long before the age of printing. The medieval criers used to carry a horn with which to fix the attention of the people when about to make a proclamation or publication. They formed a well organized body in France as early as the twelfth century. Under a charter from Louis VII, they were entitled to a penny for every time they blew their horns, and could force themselves upon tavern-keepers to cry their wares under a general statute. They at a very early period formed themselves into a corporation, and in 1258 obtained from Philip Augustus favorable statutes of the most tyrannical kind.

In England the public criers appear to have been a National institution at an early period. They cried all kinds of goods, and were sworn to tell "truly and well to the best of their ability and power." After awhile the bell-man or town crier was appointed for the benefit of the community at large. In most of the country towns of Great Britain, and even in London, there are still bell-men and parish criers, though their offices are little more than sinecures. The provincial crier's duties are of the most varied description, and relate to objects lost or found, sales by public auction or private contract, weddings, christenings or funerals.

But the bell-man as a means of advertising has seen his last days. Nearly three-quarters of a century ago in England wagons were driven through the streets surmounted by revolving turrets, on which were painted flaming announcements of coming events, and men on horseback rode up and down the principal thoroughfares with great billboards strapped on either side of them to attract public attention.

The first regular newspaper, The Certain News of This Present Week, published in London in 1622, contained no advertisements; but in 1652 advertisements appeared in something like the present form in the Mercurius Politicus. Books were the articles earliest advertised. The great plague in London brought forth the first medical advertisements. In 1700 Addison, reviewing the advertisements of his time, speaks of their "cuts and figures." The London Times was established in 1788, but did little to reduce advertising to a system, but demonstrated its value and importance. The first American daily journal, the Independent Gazette, of New York, 1787, in its second year contained thirty-four advertisements. From that time on the growth of American advertising developed the fact that extensive advertising was a legitimate necessity to trade. The other great metropolitan papers founded since 1833 have greatly popularized advertising. A special feature adopted about this time was "business notices" and "special notices," commanding high prices.

The demand for systematic advertisement became so great that about 1828 the first "advertising agency" in America was established. The business has so grown that now for a single firm to advertise to the amount of $200,000 a year excites little surprise. But these agencies are too slow for great modern bazars, who change their advertisements almost daily. They employ an advertising expert as one of the personnel of their establishments, whose only duty it is to prepare advertisements for the newspapers. Besides the advertising agencies there are now "engraving companies" devoted entirely to furnishing pictorial cuts for advertisements. "Printer's ink," used as synonymous with advertising, has become recognized as an essential to success in the commercial world. An advertising expert ranks as an artist and commands a corresponding salary. It is not merely in the enumeration of wares and goods that he excels, but in the "fine line drawing" of seasonable hints and attractive suggestions.

A RUSSIAN ROMANCE.

A Widower Refuses to Part with the Body of His Wife.

A romantic story, strange if true, is published, says Gilignani, of a wealthy Russian gentleman living in his own house on the banks of the Seine, who, for the last ten years, has kept in a box in a private room the embalmed body of his young wife. She was murdered a few days after marriage, and her sorrowing husband obtained the Czar's permission to take her body away with him. The discovery was made by the prying propensities of the cook left in charge of the house during the temporary absence of her master. There is a curious side to the story, which, if true, will need explanation. How was it that a police commissary, being informed of the discovery of a corpse in the house of a rich foreigner, should have left it there and simply written to the owner of the house for information? Those gentlemen do not generally hesitate about making even forcible entries into houses in which they even suspect there is something they ought to know, see or take possession of. The law of France forbids absolutely the keeping of a dead body in any place but a cemetery. The Russian gentleman hopes to obtain special permission from high quarters to remain the custodian of his beloved relic. If not he threatens to leave the country rather than part with it.

To Make Paper Transparent.

The following method of making paper transparent for copying drawings has been found very serviceable: Place a blank sheet of paper over the drawing and rub it lightly with pure benzine. The tracing can then be readily made, and the benzine, upon evaporating, leaves the paper as opaque as before.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

TRY PENDRAY'S SHOE BLACKING

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY.

HUNTINGDON, B. C.,

Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,

IS NOW ON THE MARKET

A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial building are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.

HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.

Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.

S. T. MACKINTOSH & CO., GENERAL AGENTS, NEW WESTMINSTER, B.

sept27-tf

For PERFECT VISION

USE

"B. LAURANCE" SPECTACLES

A complete assortment of these goods now on hand at

John Teague, Jr.'s, 57 Yates St.

We charge no fancy prices, and guarantee a glass accurately adjusted to any sight.

Nov25 1m

LADIES INCREASE YOUR COMFORT BY WEARING FEATHERBONE

THEY ARE MORE DURABLE
THEY ARE MORE GRACEFUL
THEY ARE MORE STYLISH
CORSETS.

TRY A SAMPLE PAIR. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

THAN ANY OTHER CORSET IN THE MARKET.

MADE ONLY BY CANADA FEATHERBONE CO. LONDON, O.

Electric Bells

ALL DESIGNS
ADDRESS
R. B. McMICKING,
10 TROUNCE AVE.

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA B. C.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY (Limited.

THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.

HEAD OFFICE: 8 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

REMOVED.

H. G. WATERSON,

JOB PRINTER

Office over Erskine's Shoe Store.

GOVERNMENT STREET. m17-6m

--:PRINTING:--

By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,

38 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

ap17-1y

FRANK B. FENWICK,

TENOR VOCALIST.

Organist & Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church.

VOCAL TEACHER ANGELA COLLEGE.

TEACHER OF

Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory.

VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY.

TERMS MODERATE.

Residence, 142 Menzies Street, Victoria.

P. O. Box 413. m27-1f

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
ESTABLISHED 1867,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
52 Government St., Victoria.

THOS STOREY
Funeral Director & Embalmer
ja9 42 & 44 Gov't St., Victoria. 1y

NOTICE.

Messrs. Prior and Earle will address the Electors of Victoria City and District as follows:

Friday, the 27th inst., Esquimalt, at 8 p.m.

Saturday, the 28th inst., Parson's Bridge, at 6 p.m.

Monday, the 2nd, March, Cedar Hill, at 7 p.m.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Sec'y

feb21

ENGLISH

K

BOOTS

— AT —

ERSKINE'S

BOOT & SHOE

EMPORIUM

132 Government St., cor. Johnson

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Becher Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraphic line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.

CHARLES WILSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.

feb2 6w

NOTICE.

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Good, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.

JOHN WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.

GEORGE PHILIP WEILER,
CHARLES WEILER,
OTTO WEILER,
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.

Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. feb

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT I, ELLEN JOHNSON, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 67 and 69 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.

MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.

Dated Feb. 5, 1891. feb 1m

THE PEERLESS THE CHAMPION

Weather Strips

Applied to doors and windows.

They stop the drafts.

They save the fuel.

They preserve the furniture.

They protect the health.

Sold and fitted by

J. P. BURGESS,

No. 10 Broughton St.

oct 3m

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb11

NEW ENGLISH SUITS JUST TO HAND

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,

197 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA.

TILL 1st MARCH NEW! 10 p.c. DISCOUNT on OVERCOATS

THE LEGISLATURE.

A MISUNDERSTANDING EXPLAINED BY THE SPEAKER.

New Bills Introduced During Yesterday's Session—Discussion on the Ashcroft and Cariboo Railway—Petition to Close Saloons on Sunday Presented.

THURSDAY, Feb. 26.

Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Prayers by Rev. Mr. Fraser.

The speaker gave an explanation in regard to a misunderstanding between himself and Mr. Beaven yesterday. He (the speaker) had directed the sergeant-at-arms to convey the report back to the member for Fort Kootenay; the sergeant-at-arms, having been previously asked by Mr. Beaven to bring the report to him, and not understanding, (as he has since explained) the direction of the speaker, carried the report to Mr. Beaven, who, being unaware of the speaker's instruction, retained it. A few minutes later, continued Mr. Speaker, I was amazed and annoyed to find that the report was in the hands of the leader of the opposition, instead of Col. Baker's hands, and, knowing nothing of the request of Mr. Beaven, commented generally upon what I conceived to be an irregularity on his part. Since yesterday the matter has been explained by the sergeant-at-arms, and I have now no hesitation in saying that the leader of the opposition was in no sense to blame for what occurred, and I offer him an apology for what I said.

Hon. Mr. Beaven accepted the explanation, but remarked that the Colonist, in a report of the matter said that he secured the railway report as the messenger was conveying it to the speaker. This was incorrect. He had sent the messenger for it after it was in the clerk's hands, as, of course he had a perfect right to do.

NEW BILLS.

Mr. Vernon introduced an act respecting land surveyors, which was read first time.

Mr. Milne asked leave to introduce a bill intituled "an act to amend the 'graveyard act,'" which was read first time.

Mr. Sword asked leave to introduce a bill intitled "an act to amend the British Columbia railway act," which was read first time.

Mr. Martin moved the following:—That whereas at the present time the mail service for the Osoyoos district is a monthly service to Camp McKinney, to the great inconvenience of the inhabitants of the said district;

And whereas it would be for the greatest benefit of the inhabitants of the said Osoyoos district to have the said mail service extended to Rock Creek and changed to a fortnightly instead of a monthly service;

Be it therefore resolved, that a humble address be presented to his honor the governor-general in council, praying him to take steps to cause the mail service to be extended to Rock Creek, in the Osoyoos District, and to change the same to a fortnightly instead of a monthly service. Carried.

Mr. Cotton moved the second reading—New Westminster and Burrard Inlet Telephone Co. (No. 21).

The object was to give them powers to extend their lines. Their original charter was to Port Moody; then it was extended to Vancover. Now they want powers to increase their lines, as they were working now over a largely increased district.

The bill was read a second time.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Westminster and Vancouver Street Railway Company (No. 20), Mr. Smith in the chair.

In committee, Mr. Cotton moved to insert section 17, "That the company shall complete and equip that portion of its works, equipment, line, and roadway lying and situate between the boundaries of the cities of Vancouver and New Westminster before December 31, 1891."

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments, to be considered Wednesday.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented a petition signed by over 1,500 people in relation to liquor licenses.

Hon. Mr. Robson asked that the bill relating to "Gold and other Minerals" be put down for second reading tomorrow.

Mr. Kitchon moved the second reading of the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley railway bill (No. 23.)

Mr. Rogers moved the second reading of the Ashcroft and Cariboo railway bill (No. 28.)

Mr. Semlin wanted the bill explained. He did not think the railway could be built for the amount of money named in the bill. (The capital was placed at $1,000,000.)

Hon. Mr. Beaven said this railway had already received a liberal bonus, large grants of lands and a royalty of five per cent on minerals. They proposed to reduce their capital by a very large amount and to change their line. The least the gentleman could do was to explain it, or he would vote against it. He had been informed that before the charter passed the house it was offered for sale at a large figure. Parties who had got bills through the house had often made money by simply selling the charters. Unless some legitimate reason was given, he would vote against it.

Hon. Mr. Davie was rather puzzled to know what was asked for. There might be good reason for it. If $10,000,000 were too much to build the road, he could understand the wish to have it reduced. Selling charters was a legitimate transaction. The promoters of charters were not as a rule capitalists, but when the charter was sold that was a guarantee that the work would be done. He only wished the Canada Western road would sell their charter. That would be the best guarantee the road would be built.

Mr. Cotton fully agreed that the road was a most important one; and for that reasons explanations should be made.

Mr. Brown considered the road of the utmost importance. They were told that the object of reducing the capital stock was to build the road.

Mr. Nason asked that the debate be adjourned. Mr. Rogers was not well to-day, and satisfactory explanations would be made he felt sure.

The motion for adjournment was withdrawn.

Mr. Kellie would not vote for the second reading till the government took action in the matter of doing away with royalty on minerals.

Hon. Mr. Robson said that notice of a bill to do away with the royalty was on the clerk's desk. The fact of the bill coming from the railway committee was sufficient reason for him to vote for the second reading. The land grant was given, the house having knowledge that the road would cost $8,000,000 to build. The road was of the most vital importance to British Columbia.

Mr. Horne spoke in favor of the second reading. They should not throw any impediment in the way of the road but assist them in every way.

Mr. Grant would be very sorry to put any stumbling block in the way of the progress of Cariboo. The district had resources, which if developed, would astonish the whole country. He had no doubt the railway could be built. The gold and silver mines alone warranted the building of the railway. When the Cariboo mines were developed the farmers would find a market for their produce. This province requires railways, if any province did. He was very loth to throw any obstacles in the way of the road.

Hon. Mr. Beaven had very grave doubts as to whether they were encouraging the building of the road. Should they by passing this bill assist the company to build the road or to sell the charter.

Mr. Nason—If the charter was sold it would not be sold for the purpose of holding it, but to build the road. He was positive it was one of the richest mineral countries in the world. The only way to develop it was by building a railway. The government reduction works showed they had plenty of ore that could be worked at a profit. He had been assured the railway would be started at once.

Mr. Baker remarked on the great financial crisis that had taken place this year and that was one reason why the railway had not gone on.

Mr. Semlin wished to withdraw his opposition to the bill.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. Kitchen moved the second reading Chilliwhack railway.—Carried.

The Vernon and Okanagan railway act was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Turner reported the acreage, ownership and situation of all lands assessed for wild land tax, where the acreage in any individual assessment exceeds 500 acres. The amount agreated 306,372 acres.

Timber lands under lease, 6,812 acres near Cowichan lake, assessed at $70,000.

As to land exempted, the boundaries and areas were not defined. No exemptions are made for others than those for which the act provides.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented the report of the insane asylum.

The house rose at 5:45.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

By Hon. Mr. Robson to introduce "an act to amend the railway aid act."

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothes the child and gives it refreshing and natural sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mothers' friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

"The Jersey Lily,"

Is what Millais christened his famous portrait of that celebrated woman who since became familiarly known to the public by that expressive and appropriate name. In turn she has coupled her fame with that of the most celebrated toilette article in existence, as witness what she says:—

ANGLESEA COTTAGE, L.B., July 2

Gentlemen,—Altho' it is very unusual for me to use any lotions or washes, still, in answer to your request, I have tried Wisdom's Violet Cream and Robertine. The former I consider especially efficacious in cases of roughness of the skin, and I have been using it every day for the last fortnight. I have found the Robertine an excellent preparation in cases of tan, sunburn, etc., caused by exposure to March winds and a July sky.

Yours faithfully,
LILLIE LANGTRY.

To Messrs. Wisdom & Co.
D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenbrau at the Bank Exchange. *

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant's chief Committee Rooms are at 100 Yates street, in the Barron block, next the Clarence.

For Xmas and New Year's PRESENTS.

Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.
Fancy Flower Pots.
Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.
Also Holly for decorating.

G. A. M'TAVISH,
Nurseryman,
Seedsman - and - Florist,
PARK ROAD.

PUT NOT YOUR TRUST IN PRICES.

They are deceitful above all things, and DESPERATELY CROOKED.

PRICE AND VALUE

are not equivalent, though some people seem to confound the two. We have set our feet down solidly on

THE ROCK OF QUALITY,

and we won't be dared into fighting shadows; for these so called "LOW PRICES" are but shadows, and can't have the substance of QUALITY at their back.

OUR BOAST AND PRIDE IS

QUALITY.

Nothing leaves our store that is not First-Class, and we find First-Class Quality brings First-Class Custom. We shall never lack that,, and we want no other.

THE BEST GOODS

are CHEAPEST in the long run, judged by Waste, Wear or Worth. That's what we sell.

Men's, Youth's and Boys' Clothing, &c., &c.

Mechanics' Cash Clothing Store.
55 Johnson Street.

J. H. LAUZON

(JUST ARRIVED FROM MONTREAL)
has opened a
TAILORING SHOP
Next to Corner Pandora and Douglas streets
opposite the City Hall.

First-Class Work and Fashionable Styles. All Work Warranted. Cutting for families a specialty, and at a low price.

GIVE HIM A CALL

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fresh Assortment of Goods
Received per S.S. Parthia.

Bamboo Tables and Stools, Baskets, Table Mats, Large Variety of Tea Sets, Trays, etc.

Good Selection of Bulbs of large Flowering Lilies.

Full Lines of our Usual Curios, Silk Goods, etc.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO
30 FORT STREET VICTORIA.

FENCE POSTS

Split cedar fence posts for sale in small or large lots. Leave orders at SCOTCH BAKERY, 103 DOUGLAS ST.
ja14-4m

French Corsets

A Good Shape 5-hook Corset, in drab, for	$1.25
A Strong French Coutille Corset, in drab, spoon, for	1.25
do. do. do. do. same shape as the original P.D.	1.50
A Beautiful Cream Corset, perfect shape	1.50
A splendid shaped Common Sense Corset	1 75
A long Black Sateen good Shaped Corset	2.00
A long Black Sateen well boned Corset	2.50
The improved P. D. extra long in Satin	2.75
The Improved P. D. extra long in drab French coutille	2.75

Canadian Corsets from 50 cents upwards.

A big lot of children's Woolen Stockings from 10c per pair.

Men's Woolen Undershirts from 65c each.

Men's Ribbed Cotton undershirts from 37½c.

Men's Heavy Cardigan Jackets from 25c.

Comforters and Blankets at cost.

A choice line of French Dress Goods 25c per yard.

A good Heavy Grey Blanket for $2.90.

Grey Flannels from 16½c y'd

A splendid White Cotton no dressing 10c. y'd.

A fine White Cotton no dressing 12½c.

A large range of White Embroideries from 8½c y'd.

Wide Canton Flannel. 12 yds. for $1.00.

A lot of remnants of Carpet, very cheap.

Argyle House
83 DOUGLAS ST.

WM. O'REILLY & CO.

B. C. POTTERY AND TERRA COTTA CO. (Limited).
Authorized Capital, $60,000
OFFICE
61 YATES STREET (Upstairs)
WORKS,
CONSTANCE COVE ROAD,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Ware,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings
A SPECIALTY.
Nov13-3m

THE
Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.
103 GOVERNMENT STREET,

PRINCIPAL---Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat.: Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F.S.Sc. and Lit. London, &c.
DAY PUPILS---$8 per month.
EVENING PUPILS---$5 per month.
ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.
BOARDERS---$260 per annum or $25 per month.

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger.
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.
114 YATES ST del-tf

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. BOX 683.

REQUISITION

To Messrs. E. G. Prior and Thomas Earle.

GENTLEMEN,—In view of the very important matters likely to come before the new Parliament about to be elected, affecting the general welfare of the Dominion, and (as we anticipate) in particular the commercial interests of this district, and realizing how vitally necessary it is that we should be represented in that Parliament by members of experience ability and honesty of purpose, which your records in the last House have proved to us you are fully possessed of,

We, the undersigned voters hereby request you to allow yourselves to be put in nomination for re-election, as our representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, and we pledge you our support and influence to secure your election.

T Sidney Dobbin,	John T Howard,
Kenneth McKenzie,	J Holman,
Fred Davey,	Jas H Innes,
Philip D Goepel,	J Andrews,
Arthur D Lewis,	A C Muir,
Richard Downer,	W J Muir,
H Logan,	J T Pearce,
A Phillips,	G Bebbington,
Thos Dodds,	John Stock,
John Devereaux,	James Isister,
A D Grieve,	Wm B Smith,
W Young,	Geo Francis,
John Bogle,	G F Wake,
James McAuslan,	T Astle,
R Keeler,	Chas E Pooley,
Wm Rothwell,	Wm Fisher,
Wm Robinson,	Geo Berridge,
Victor Jensen,	Jas Dudgeon,
J J Austin,	A B Erskine,
Wm H Routledge,	Thos Shotbolt,
G C Shaw,	Thos Astley,
S P Mills,	John J Hart,
Wm Whittaker,	H Saunders,
Geo Morrison,	W G Bowman,
J G Cameron,	A Gilmore,
W H Danby,	B A Phillips,
Fleming Bros,	James Larman,
S M Hartman,	Morris Moss,
David Spencer,	W H Dempster,
H Young,	W Larkin,
C W Kammerer,	W White,
Robert Mitchell,	Stephen Sairs,
George Stelts,	John Robertson,
P Hickey,	J G Mann,
John B Chantrell,	George Bishop,
George H Garesche,	Wm Harrison,
Thomas Harman,	G Campbell,
Richard Hall,	Robert Jamieson,
J C Marshall,	Thomas C Nuttall,
A R Cameron,	W J McDowell,
Geo F Fox,	Edwin Johnson,
A G Sargison,	Henry S Mason,
F S Maclure,	A C Flewin,
H Kent,	S S Burt,
Wm Croft,	N P Snowden.
B Gordon,	Charles A Vernon,
V Fitzstubbs,	Geo Jay, jr,
S W Spencer,	C M McCahill,
Robert Dexter,	William Neals,
A R Banester,	J A Johnson,
W Cowling,	A A Green, per F W W
G Doughty,	Fred W Worlock,
Charles Kent,	J B Matthew,
Theodore Davie,	George H Cavin,
J R Anderson,	D R Harris,
F Gilchrist,	Wm Scott,
Thos Tugwell,	C S Finlaison,
E W Matthews,	John Graham,
C N Cameron,	Wm A Elliott,
Braden and Stamford,	Wm C Bryant,
Wm Gordon,	Alf H Mecoy.
R F Tolmie,	L G Burns,
D E Campbell,	Allan Stevens,
Philip J Hall,	C T Penwill,
H B Rendell,	W Bond,
D O'Leary,	Wm Powell,
W H Mason,	P W Dempster,
William Lorimer,	N Pointer
W J Smith,	S Coonness,
John Haggerty,	Jones and McNeill,
O H Goodwin,	Wm Wlyte,
Jas L Raymur,	Thos S Milligan,
S W Bucknam,	C T Dupont,
Thos Garvin,	Alex Anderson,
W H Philipps,	Alex Mouat,
John Draut,	John Temple,
William Mann,	P R Brown,
G H Brown,	John Mortimer,
John Colbert,	G Byrnes,
H Devlin,	T Brooker,
A J Briggs,	Peter O'Brien,
R P McLennan,	J F Beck,
Simeon Duck,	W J Taylor,
Wm Dalby,	E E Wootton,
A Gregg and Son,	Charles Wilson,
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John P. Elford,	Munroe Miller,
Beaumont Boggs,	F Sturdy,
J E Crane,	John Thompson,
Jas Ramsey,	Henry Clay,
W Jackson,	Geo Rudge,
Frederick Pauline,	Henry Rudge,
Wm Craft,	William Baines,
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Fred Carne, jr.,	E Harrison,
James Tolmie,	John Bruce,
R Maynard,	A Beule,
A H Maynard,	Switzer & McCluskey,
W T Tolmie,	Stephen Whitley,
Sam H Goodwin,	R A Brown,
Wm Mable,	Jno T Pierre,
H A Lilley,	T L Irving,
Shore and Anderson,	John J Wilson,
L Dickenson,	W H Croghan,
Wm Field,	John H Gannon,
Jas Maynard,	A J Rowbotham,
W Tippins,	Æneas McDonald,
Ernest B Hanington,	John Parker, jr.,
W Bickford,	R Lettice,
Hy Jewell,	John Crowther,
M R Smith,	Thos McConnan,
H Smith,	Jas S Cowie,
F B Pemberton,	Arthur F S Williams,
J D Pemberton,	Geo Jay, sr.,
Otto Weiler,	Geo Thompson,
J W Weiler,	Geo King,
Hy Moss,	Jas O'Neill,
J J Cowley,	John Doherty,
Jos Rhode,	Thos Harding,
James Daley,	T W Hall, M D,
A St Geo Flint,	D D Moses,
R Williams,	Jno C Hayes,
Thos S Futcher,	Loewen and Erb,
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Jas Irving,	R. P. Rithet,
R. S. Byrn,	Thos. H. Baker,
W. A. Ward.	Phil. A. Phillips,
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J. C. Maclure,	P. McAra,
E. B. Marvin,	J. Hook,
F. Steele,	A. Milligan,
W. H. Ellis,	M. H. Cowan,
Matthew T. Johnson,	Daniel Mohrchen,
J. H. Turner,	S. B. Kelly,
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Rost. Harvey,	E. A. Pauline,
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Ross Monro,	J. Peters,
R. J. Ker,	J. H. Todd,
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John Conlon,	George W. Robinson,
A. McGregor,	John Roskamp,
John J. Mundorf,	Richard W. Roper,
Richard Nash,	

REPLY.

GENTLEMEN,—We beg to thank you most sincerely for the very flattering and numerously signed requisition you have seen fit to present us with requesting us to allow our names to be put in nomination for re-election as your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons.

After such an expression of confidence from so many of our fellow citizens in our honesty of purpose and our ability to worthily represent you, we feel that we cannot do otherwise than accede to your request, and, therefore offer ourselves for re-election.

We will, in due course, publish our views on the principal questions affecting the Province and the Dominion.

If re-elected, we shall in the future, as in the past, leave nothing undone that we, in our judgment, may consider to be to the interest of our District and Province.

We have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servants,
E. G. PRIOR,
THOMAS EARLE.

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STOP IT NOW,
SOON IT WILL BE TOO LATE.

I have been troubled many years with disease of the kidneys and have tried many different remedies and have sought aid from different physicians without relief. About the 15th of April I was suffering from a very violent attack that almost prostrated me in such a manner that I was bent over. When I sat down it was almost impossible for me to get up alone, or to put on my clothes, when a friend Providence sent Dr. Henley, with the OREGON KIDNEY TEA, to my hotel. I immediately commenced using the tea. It had an almost miraculous effect, and to the astonishment of all the guests at the hotel, in a few days, I am happy to state, that I was a new man. I will recommend the tea to all afflicted as I have been.

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Proprietor Occidental Hotel,
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A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance. In youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure where all other medicines fail. One box $1.00, six boxes $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Before. After. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria, B.C. nov8-1y

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Organic Weakness, Falling Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, positively cured by Dr. Jones' Pill Tablet. Also Nervous Debility, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Ambition, Stunted Development, Loss of power, Pains in the Back, Sleeplessness, Aversion to Society, Unfit for Study, Excessive Indulgence, etc. Every bottle guaranteed. $1 a box, 6 boxes 5 years. Address, inclosing stamp for treatise, J. E. HAZELTON, Druggist, 403 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont. Mention TIMES.

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ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—By an American lady, age 22 years, a situation in British Columbia as governess to take charge of children under 12. First class Victorian reference. Address X. Y. TIMES Office. dw-feb26-tf

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WANTED—At once a good chambermaid Apply at Dominion Hotel, 119 Yates street. feb26-2t

TO LET.

TO LEASE—For a term of years that part of Strawberry Vale Farm fronting on the Arm; containing 117½ acres, suitable for a market garden, milk ranch or a gentleman's suburban residence; splendid boating, bathing, fishing and shooting facilities. Apply to John J. Russell, P.O. Box 202, Victoria. fe27-tf

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TO LET—Two new cabins and a small house; also small house and lot for sale. Apply to T. W. Pierre, 32 Pioneer street. fe25-tf

TO LET—A suite of up-stair rooms, furnished or unfurnished, or with board if required; or will be rented separately to young men with good reference. Apply immediately at Tyrone Villa, head of Bird Cage Walk, James Bay. feb25-tf

TO LET—Furnished room for gentleman. Bath, hot and cold water. Handy to town. Terms moderate. Address G. H. K. TIMES Office. feb16-tf

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TO LET—Two or three furnished bedrooms in a private family in James Bay; quite near the tramway. Address box 245, G.P.O., Victoria, B.C. fe12-tf

FIRST CLASS accommodation for house keeping. Rooms and kitchen completely furnished. 63 Superior street. Cars pass the door. jan20-tf

TO LET—House with 7 rooms and bath; rent $25 a month. Enquire of J. A. Lawrence, No. 46 Government street. jan27-tf

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 35 Yates street. no26-tf

TO LET,—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap; a good hotel business. Address "Hotel TIMES office. fe5-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap; a five roomed house and lot 60x140. Apply on the premises, 19 Pioneer street or 96 Yates street. ja24-tf

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VACANCIES—For a few boarders. Apply 10 No. 8 Humboldt street; 3 minutes walk rom Post Office. fe9-1m

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SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation, 170½ Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDER NAILLEN, Pros. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

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ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
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Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

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Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
E. LANGLEY,
1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. IPPENBERGER,
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ST. AND'W'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Broad streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
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Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

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GENERAL SCAVENGER!
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. aug22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

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PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
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$500—Belmont Avenue (Fernwood) high situation; one lot.

$850—Rithet street; lot 57ft. 6in. x130.

$900—South Turner street; 52x112.

$1000—Richardson street; 60x120; corner lot.

$1400—Pandora street; near Cook street; lot 60x120.

$1500—Facing Beacon Hill Park; 2 good lots.

$1600—Corner lot 80x130 on Toronto street.

$2100—Fernwood Road; 100x150; 3 lots.

$3000—Simcoe street; 3 lots.

$8500—Belcher street; 5 acres; handsome residential site.

$10000—Government street; two lots near gas works.

TO LET.

$18—Johnson street; six roomed cottage.

$25—Niagara street; 8 roomed house.

$27.50—Simcoe street; 10 rooms; two storey.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

$275—Burnside road; two good lots 62ft. 6in. x113ft.

$400—Richmond Road; lot 60x130.

$400—Burnside road; ¼ of an acre; $50 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; all cleared and no rock or swamp.

$500—Cloverdale Estate; ½ acre; ½ cash; balance to suit.

$700—Gorge road; ½ acre; $75 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; a fine building site.

$1300—Lake Hill Estate; 6 acres; in good location.

$6000—Extimalt road; 8 acres; suitable for subdivision.

$7500—Cordova Bay, near Cedar Hill Park; good soil; 50 acres; beautiful situation.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$2200—Green street; 2 storey house; 8 rooms

$2500—Pandora street; new cottage; 7 rooms; can be completed to suit purchaser; easy terms.

$3000—Third street, Work Estate; two storey house, 10 rooms.

$3750—Simcoe street; two storey; 10 rooms; substantially built; modern conveniences.

FARMS.

15—Acres, Carey road (chicken ranch); $1500.

100—Acres, Esquimalt District; $20 per acre.

100—Acres Victoria District; $125 per acre.

500—Acres Westminster District; $40 per acre.

200—Acres Lake District; $250 per acre.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY,

THE RALLY OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY IN the Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms. fe5-tf

WE'D BETTER (NOT) BIDE A WEE.

(With apologies to Clive P. W.)

A poet sat on his study floor,
"Why, what," quoth he, "I hear a roar,
It's like the British Lion,
Perhaps he's got a fit and gone to Zion!
But no! All he has done is that McCallum,
Trying to twist his tail!
Or perhaps that letter's made him "cross,"
But stay, I'll just write 'Bide a wee.'"

The muse he sought, but sought in vain,
Then into a nightly blast she came;
And the twist in the Lion's tail grew straight
As the poet came forth from the Colonist gate,
Then he wires to Sir John and tells his tale,
And asks to be put on the list.
"Hall,"
Sir John, he wires back, and says "Without
Says Sir John to himself "Well I'm blessed!"

The poet and his lings are sadly afraid
That the promised C. B. will never be paid,
"Put your trust not in Princes," King David said
When wicked old Saul tried to go for his
The same in this you plainly will see
It's better to marry than "Bide a wee see!"
Arry and Hemma.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

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One month	30 " "
Three months	85 " "
Six months	$1 50 " "
One year	2 75 " "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

WHAT THE TARIFF IS.

Hon. Oliver Mowat.

What is a tariff? It is a tax—a tax levied by the General Government upon commodities that the laboring man, as well as others, use. It is a tax that takes hold of everything, from the crown of your head to the sole of your feet; that taxes your hat, your coat, your vest, you, breeches, your boots, your shirt, each and every implement which you use in your mechanical mining, fishing, lumbering and agricultural operations. And now to tell me that to take the laboring man and tax him from the top of his head to the soles of his feet, and to tax him on everything that he uses in his trade, and to tax him heavily, is to benefit him, seems to me to be nothing but absurdity.

THE FACTS OF THE CASE.

Col. PRIOR and his confrere, Mr. EARLE, affect to be afraid of unrestricted reciprocity. We say affect to be afraid of it, because neither of these gentlemen being natural born fools, must realize, that Canada must prosper if she can sell at good advantage and buy at good advantage. It follows as truly as day follows night that if Canada can find sale for her raw products in the best possible market, and on the other hand is able to buy in the cheapest possible market, she enjoys a condition of trade, which, in so far as human ingenuity can compass, is a realization of the ideal. No one disputes the excellence of the United States as affording a market for Canada. The big cities of New England and of the Middle States afford a perennial market for agricultural products. Canada in respect of such a market is situated as no other country ever was before. She is, it might almost be said, a suburb of these vast American cities. This being the case what is the matter with unrestricted reciprocity? "There is nothing the matter with it," answers the Conservatives, "only that we don't want American goods to come in competition with the red parlor." "It is perfectly loyal to sell to the Americans, but when it comes to buying of them that is disloyal; it would cut down the dividends of the red parlor." That's it. It would cut down the dividends of the red parlor. It would compel this cabal of sharks to be content with something less than 500 per cent. profit. GLADSTONE has pronounced all protection immoral. This statement is altogether too sweeping. All protection is not immoral. We are of opinion that "infant industries" devoted to the working up of staple products that cannot be exported with advantage, may be protected. But this protection should be qualified. An infant industry cannot forever remain an infant industry. It is a law of nature that things grow old. Manufacturing institutions are not exempt from this law. When a manufacturing institution shall have reached ten years of age, as is the case with the large proportion of the manufacturing institutions of Canada, the time has come when the pap-bottle of protection should be withdrawn. But answer our Tory friends, we shall be compelled to adopt the high tariff of America against foreign imports. The probability of Canada having to adopt the present high tariff of the United States is too remote to be good argument. It is more likely that the American tariff would come down to the Canadian standard. The evidence that this would be the case is found in the present attitude of the American people. The demand for low tariff throughout the States is all but universal. In a recent speech by Senator Ingall, he said:

"In Ohio 30,000 farmers are already organized, and it is expected that there will be 300,000 before the close of the year. The demand is for more circulation medium, lower taxation, tariff reduction and restriction of corporate powers."

What does this mean? These remarks coming from Senator Ingalls, would be worthy of attention whatever the circumstances, but based as they are on the sweeping anti-tariff victories of last fall, they have double weight, and cannot be brushed away by the frantic waving of the Union Jack. The United States to-day, outside of England, is the strongest free trade country in the world.

NATIONAL POLICY AND SALMON CANNING.

The report is current that a Vancouver syndicate has securred possession of the Fraser river salmon canneries. If this is true, and we have good authority that it is, it means that the whole immense Fraser river salmon business is lost to this city. The Vancouver syndicate will do their business in Vancouver. Salmon will be shipped from that point instead of Victoria. Victoria will have lost a trade which has been peculiarly her own for the last ten years. But this is not the worst feature of the business. A monopoly has been created and the Dominion Government seem to have had a hand in bringing it about. Last year the Government introduced a license system which limits the number of fishing boats, and the syndicate having secured possession of all the licenses no expansion of the salmon canning business is possible from this time onward. No more canneries can be established on the Fraser because the Dominion Government will not grant any more licenses. Now what have our representatives been doing that they should have sanctioned a system of licensing which permits the wholesale appropriation of the Fraser river fishing interests and which is inimical to their further expansion? A few more years of this kind of representation and British Columbia will be possessed by a score or two of capitalists. This is what is called National Policy.

PAUPER LABOR.

Speaking of Chinese cheap labor, a question which has some little bearing in this contest, we find as we think it over that cheap degraded labor of whatsoever nationality, is undesirable, and, will be one day stringently restricted. The pauper labor of Europe is not so objectionable as that of China from the fact that after the second generation it is assimilated and identified with the country. The children of Europeans regard this country as their country. They are as patriotic as any of the old families. Still, we fancy, that not many years hence the exigencies of our labor market will require that European immigration of the poorer sort must be restricted. There are people who will question this proposition and, should it materialize into an issue, oppose it. Nevertheless, the tremendous influx of pauper Europeans unless checked, will so congest our labor market that men will have to resist it as they would an hostile invading force. The stream must be turned. It must be diverted to South America and Africa. This continent now peopled with 70,000,000 of people is able to produce population fast enough to meet the requirements of the labor market. The question of the restriction of foreign immigration is a perfectly legitimate question. The philosophy of its restriction is sound. It should be visible to the shortest sighted that it is better to check influx before it shall have produced competition so sharp that men to keep from starving will require to fly at each other's throats.

LET THE PARTIES BE EVENLY BALANCED.

Colonel PRIOR thinks that Opposition members in the Dominion House would have no more influence than he, in the event of his re-election. The Colonel in treating a matter of this kind so crudely, shows a degree of unsophistication hardly to be expected of a man who has spent several winters at Ottawa. Of course it is not to be expected that Colonel PRIOR will vent ideas on this subject opposed to his interests, but Colonel PRIOR should know, that, in the case of a government, so strongly centralized as is the Government of Canada, justice is never meted out with an impartial hand unless the political parties are nicely balanced. The Government's neglect of British Columbia is owing wholly to the impression that the province is solid for Sir JOHN. In the east, where parties are more evenly balanced, the Government has never done deed to the demands of constituencies. It is an axiom in politics that it is only when parties are pretty evenly balanced that abuses give place to wise legislation. One of the strongest arguments that could possibly be used for Messrs. TEMPLEMAN and MARCHANT is that it is not good policy for this province to return a solid support for Sir JOHN. This one-sided business would try the virtue of a man who has more and better virtues than Sir JOHN MACDONALD.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The 120,000 disfranchised Canadian voters should take for their battle cry "no taxation without representation." No freeman has a right to be taxed by a government without having a voice in the expenditure of those taxes.

Mr. EARLE had much to say Wednesday night about what he considered the inequalities of taxation. What about the 120,000 men in Canada to-day entitled to vote whom Sir JOHN has disfranchised? What do you call it Mr. EARLE, but taxation without representation?

Col. PRIOR in the morning paper publishes a disclaimer of having said that Chief DEASY made a disturbance at the public meeting on Wednesday evening. The columns of the Colonist have been carefully scanned, but not the slightest attempt at an honest acknowledgement of its error is so abusively attacking Chief Deasy is seen. A fulsome and cringing explaination of a mistake in connection with an item anent one of its political proteges is given bia prominence, though.

The foundation of an $80,000 post-office has been laid in Vancouver and now that the election is on the work is proceeding notwithstanding the unfavorable weather. But that is not all. A prominent Vancouver man who was in the city yesterday informed the writer that the Dominiom Government would undoubtedly vote $50,000 this year towards a dry dock being constructed there. The C.P.R., the votes of the Victoria members, and McKENZIE BOWELL's town lots will undoubtedly secure this boon for Vancouver.

It is scarcely two years ago since the Dominion Government attempted to withdraw the small subsidy to the steamers running between Victoria and New Westminster. At the dictation of the C.P.R. and with a view to cutting off the connection of this city with the Fraser River as much as possible, the usual grant was withheld for some months, nor did the Government consent to restore it until a great deal of correspondence had passed on the subject and Capt. IRVING had made a trip to Ottawa.

A DONKEY'S PUZZLE.

TO THE EDITOR:—So the two English donkeys, imported by Capt. Scott had to pay a duty of twenty per cent for the privilege of landing in our ultra loyal British city, Victoria, because the Canadian ass is thought to require a high protective duty for his full development. Poor little cuddies! they must think it hard lines that the protective principle should not be also applied to the bipedal species of their patient genus. EQUUS.

THE COLONIST'S RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR—The Colonist has contributions every day (from good Tories, I presume) advocating the giving of a million dollar bonus to an American railway to make its terminus here. Yet it is continually howling against these same Americans. Does anybody suppose any American railway company will go to the expense of building a line to Victoria when our people are doing all in their power to restrict trade by clapping a duty of 35 per cent. on all the goods such a line will carry? Take off all duty, and see how long it would be before we had a railway. ENQUIRER.

A DENIAL.

TO THE EDITOR:—We, members of the Victoria Fire Department, wish it understood that we most emphatically deny the accusation in Thursday morning's Colonist that we are dead heads.

We also wish to express our displeasure at such an unwarranted and uncalled for insult to a body of men who are ready at all times to defend and protect the property and lives of the citizens of Victoria.

We also wish to state that when we attend at the theatre as firemen we do so by request of the chief engineer, and by request of the management of the theatre.

M. J. Conlin, H. McDowell, F. Hinds, C. Bush, F Atkinson, W. Deasy, E. A. Whitcomb, D. McDougall, Thos. Watkins, Wm. Bryce, C. Smith, J. Bryce, C. Palmer, C. Winterhalter, L. G. Burns, G. Leddingham, J. Hay, W. P. Lindley, Geo. Moss, D. Henry, A. E. McKay, W. Ahern, J. McNeill, J. Rendell, T. Service, D. McDonald.

THE PRICE OF WHEAT.

TO THE EDITOR—During the course of his remarks, Col. Prior last night, among many other inaccuracies, stated that the average price of wheat for the past eight years in Chicago was 40 cents per bushel. If Col. Prior will publish in your columns a telegram from the secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade stating that at any time during the past eight years, the average price of Nos. 1, 2 and 3 wheat, was as low as 40 cents, *for one day during change hours*, I will promise him one vote that he cannot otherwise obtain. Again, he makes a strong point of the increase of savings bank deposits. This has always been considered a sign of commercial depression, for when there is a use for money it does not lie dormant in savings banks at 3 or 4 per cent. interest. Take as an example our own city of Victoria. Some nine or ten years ago, when it strongly reminded one of Goldsmith's *deserted village*, we had per capita about three times as much money in the savings banks as any other city in the Dominion. To-day the money is in circulation and Victoria thrives.

(?) A FAIR NEWSPAPER. (?)

EDITOR TIMES:—The following communication was handed in at the Colonist office yesterday afternoon but, with the usual unfairness of that newspaper, it was not published.

EDITOR COLONIST:—On Wednesday evening I attended a meeting at the Victoria theatre in my official capacity as chief engineer of the fire department. I stood near the exit, which was, I consider, my post in a crowded theatre, and prevented people from smoking pipes and cigars. During the whole evening I did not speak, applaud, or make any noise, and no one was more astonished than I was when one of the speakers, Col. Prior, turned towards me and said: "You had better go and look after your fire department." This morning another surprise met me in your article headed: "Is it not so?"

Now, sir, in reference to that item, permit me to state that your informant was wrong. I was the only fireman on duty at the theatre. No men from the fire department were sent there and I always made it a practice in the fire department to preserve order and discipline. The majority of firemen in this city are men in business, and all are men working honestly for a living. The whole of them are as respectable as the party from whom your informant obtained information, or any of the candidates at present before the public. "It is so" that I am secretary of the committee working in the interests of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, and I am proud of the honor they have conferred on me. As a pioneer of this country and the son of an old soldier who fought and bled for the English flag, I claim my undisputed right to my own political opinions. "It is so" that I am a civic employee; but I dare anyone to bring one charge of dereliction of duty against me during my five year's service. "It is true" that there are (D. H.) deadheads in this community, and I may state that I worked long enough as a newspaper reporter to know where a number of D. H. can be found. I usually request two firemen to attend entertainments in the theatre, for the safety of the audience. It is not compulsory for them to attend. In conclusion, I would ask that the Colonist should prove where I neglected my duty at any time. No favors need be granted, but let the reporters stick to the truth when they attack a political opponent. THOMAS DEASY.

EDITOR TIMES—I noticed Col. Prior's disclaimer this morning. All I can state is that one of his supporters, who was on the platform, informed Col. Prior while he was speaking, that I was making a noise. Immediately after, Col. Prior made the remark. This information was received from another gentleman who occupied a seat on the platform. A mistake was made by Col. Prior and his informant, but the malicious statement in the Colonist, as usual, stands against me although it is untrue. Few persons after this, can wonder at Mr. Davie's remarks regarding the newspaper which will not make an apology or correct a libel. T. D.

Still Another Conversion.

A life long Conservative and resident of the manufacturing town of Gananoque in South Riding of Leeds, in which riding one of the Government candidates—Mr. Earle, was born, issues his address to the electors as follows:

GENTLEMEN,—At the solicitation of my Conservative friends I have decided to offer myself as a candidate for this riding at the approaching elections for the House of Commons. I am and always have been a Liberal Conservative and am in entire accord and sympathy with the present government on every question except one, and that is the question of fuller and closer trade relations with foreign countries. I think the policy of the Government on that point is detrimental to the interests of the farmers. My main object, if elected, will be to assist as far as possible in improving the present unfortunate condition of affairs under which they are now resting. It is an undisputed fact that farm property has depreciated in value within the past few years. The present state of affairs cannot continue; if it does we stand in the greatest danger of losing a large element of our farming people through emigration. Personally, my business depends upon the farmers, and what injures them reacts on me, and so on through all classes of the community. In coming out as an independent Conservative independently of any clique or convention I am simply following the example of many other good Conservatives throughout the Dominion, and exercising the undoubted right which every good citizen ought to have.

Trusting, gentlemen, that you will exert your good influence in my favor and cast your votes for me on the 5th of March, I am
Respectfully Yours,
J. B. TURNER.

As seen by our telegraph dispatches of yesterday that Mr. Turner and Mr. Taylor, the latter Government supporter, and one of the late Government whips in the House of Commons, and cousin, we believe, of Mr. Earle, were nominated, Mr. Fredenburgh, the Reformer nominee, having withdrawn. The Riding is a close one that has been run on strict old party lines, having been twice carried by our police magistrate, Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C., so that it is quite evident that Mr. Turner will be elected.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

J. Hendry and wife of Westminster are in town.

H. E. Lutz came over from Port Crescent last evening.

Judge Bole and A. Ewen of Westminster are in the city.

H. L. Salmon has returned from a trip across the Sound.

Rev. P. McF. McLeod returned home by the Kingston last night.

A. St. G. Hammersley of Vancouver, came over by the Islander.

G. A. Sargison, chief census officer for B. C., has returned from Ottawa.

R. W. Armstrong and Jas. and Thos. Cunningham of Westminster are at the Clarence.

Rev. J. H. White, Jas. L. Raymur and J. Coigdarippe returned from Vancouver last night.

C. S. Baxter of the C.P.N. Co., who has been east on a pleasure trip will return home this evening.

Jno. T. Lethan, assistant passenger agent of the C.P.N. Co., returned from a business trip across the Sound by last night's Kingston.

John Partridge of the Lansdowne House returned from a trip to England. He visited the different cities and purchased goods for the spring trade.

Geo. Jones, of McPherson's station is in the city. He says the snow is eighteen inches deep at Maple bay and interferes greatly with the work of getting his quarry there.

Only Two Cases.

The proceedings at the city police court this morning were composed principally of one case, the gravest that has been heard for some time, although to outsiders it will seem only a trifle. T. McNulty is the defendant and is charged with stealing a watch from a man who was asleep in a chair. Several witnesses were heard and the case was remanded until to-morrow. A Chinaman who broke the fire by-law by burning papers on the street, closed the programme by paying $5 to the city treasury.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening and whitening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it.
D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant the Independent Candidates will address the electors in Blue Ribbon Hall, Victoria West this evening.

THE INDEPENDENTS.

[Continued from page 1.]

endent, and the Colonist said the coat idn't fit him. He hoped no one would hink he was trying to sail under false olors. It would be impossible for him o try to make anyone believe that he vas neither Liberal nor Tory. He had een all his life a Liberal, and before oming to British Columbia, identified vith the Liberal party of Eastern Canda. Now, Messrs. Prior and Earle won't go back to Ottawa as Conservatives? Mr. Templeman would like to ask them what stand would they take if he Liberal party were returned to ower, and the Conservatives were eaten? Mr. Prior and Mr. Earle would oppose the then government, nd vote against them on all measures, or would they not have been returned s pledged supporters of Sir John Macdonald's party. Or will they support he Liberal government. Mr. Templeman wished it to be clearly understood hat he was a Liberal, but if he be elected to Ottawa, he would not let his partian feelings govern him. Whichever arty was in power, so long as it did ustice to Victoria he would vote for it, but when it did not he would oppose it (hear, hear, and applause). He certainly hoped to see the Liberal party eturned to power under the leadership of Mr. Laurier, who had been elected by acclamation (great applause). He was quite sure that an Independent would be able to get justice for Victoria; but he thought it came with very bad grace from Mr. Wilson to talk against an Independent candidate, as it was only a few months ago that he ran as an independent supporter of the local government.

A gentleman in the audience—Yes, Mr. chairman, and I am sorry to say I was one of his supporters (great laughter).

Mr. Templeman, continuing, referred to the question of the China steamers calling at Victoria or Esquimalt. Col. Prior had never till now denied the accusation that he had opposed Mr. Davies' resolution. Leaving that aside, was it not a peculiar position for Mr. Prior to be placed in. Mr. Davies was a Liberal, and to vote for his resolution Mr. Prior would have to vote against his party. The resolution was lost on the division, though. But why did not Col. Prior bring in that resolution, instead of leaving it to a man from Prince Edward Island? If he had been

AN INDEPENDENT REPRESENTATIVE

he would have voted for that resolution. And after all, why should the Dominion Government be hampered by a resolution of that kind? All they had to say was that if the steamers did not stop at Victoria there would be no subsidy (hear, hear). The adoption of the resolution would have compelled the steamers to call at Victoria. On the trade question, Mr. Templeman said he had fought on the same platform in 1878, as he was fighting now. Since then we have had protection, and we have witnessed its results. The National Policy does not apply to this Province as it does to those in the east, where there is no question that the high taxation is having an injurious effect on agriculture and other industries. Mr. Mike Baker said unrestricted reciprocity would kill the farmer, "sure as fate." Mr. Baker evidently didn't know the difference between reciprocity in natural products and unrestricted reciprocity. The farmer offered freedom from duty of farm products, and as Victoria imported animals and farm produce, on which a duty was now paid, the Government's proposal to give free trade in these two lines would be unwelcome to the farmers, as the amount of duty now paid would be taken off and the farmers would lose the only protection they have. Some of our local manufacturers oppose free trade, but in the east a large number of the most prominent manufacturers are taking the free trade platform (hear, hear). There was the "rot" about upholding the empire, and rallying round the old flag (laughter). There are no traitors, or disloyal people in the liberal party, but the same could not be said of the other side. There was an annexation manifesto issued some forty years ago, and there are living now some of the Tories who put their names to it, such as Hon. J. J. C. Abbott, Sir Donald McPherson and others. There is not a Liberal in public life who can be charged with disloyalty, past or present. The direct taxation cry was also resorted to. Mr. Templeman believed that with the exercise of proper economy, sufficient revenue could be raised to meet the deficit caused by loss of revenue on American products. There were several millions collected last year more than was needed. This was simply

TAKING MONEY UNNECESSARILY

out of the people's pockets. There is about $1,000,000 lost annually on the Intercolonial railway, a system that might be made, with proper management, a paying concern. There are $200,000 or $300,000 spent on immigration, $1,000,000 on the management of public works, and about $1,300,000 on the civil service. These extravagant expenditures might be curtailed, the inland revenue duties might be increased, with proper economy in all these and other branches the revenue would be ample to meet the expenditure and besides the increase of trade and the marvellous improvement that would everywhere take place would make up for any loss that might at first occur. Mr. Templeman's ideas, through the policy of THE TIMES, on the Chinese question were well known. He was committed up to the eyes and could not recede from the position he had taken.

Being asked about the Indian reserve he pointed out that this property reverted to the province when the Indians left it, but he would like to see it added to the city and would support any step in that direction.

Mr. Howard, president of the Trade and Labor Council, also said a few words in support of the candidates, and the meeting adjourned after passing a cordial vote of thanks to Mr. H. F. Heisterman, the chairman.

"Who said Hood's Sarsaparilla?" Thousands of people who know it to be the best blood purifier and to be medicine.

No other preparation combines the positive economy, the peculiar merit and the medicinal power of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Carpet remnants at cost at Hastie & Erskine's.

THE SQUIMALT FARMER MAN.

He is Converted From National Policy by his Wife—An Adaptation.

A farmer man of Squimalt, a very thoughtful man,
Has voted for these past twelve years on the old protection plan.
At last he's had a change of heart, and the reason is,
That he has at last "tumbled" to this protection biz.

And this is how it happened, as he himself admits
'Twas by the help of winning woman's wits.
The female mind in taxes don't readily believe.
And in consequence the old N. P. can not them deceive.

Now we'll let this farmer man explain the way
That he became converted from the old protection way.
In language plain, but solid, he will tell
How his good wife worked the business out so well.

WHAT THE FARMER SAID.

"The other day, just imagine my distress,
I ketched the wife a' readin'—you never will guess—
A free trade publication—the very Times indeed,
An' she had the grit to say that it was good to read.

And do you know, that wife of mine a jest faced me up and down
That farmers slave to make a few monopolists in town;
I alway try to get around these warm domestic spats,
When I praised Protection she laughed and answered "Rats."

I bristled up; it kindled all the sentiments of strife
To think this free trade stuff should be corruptin' of my wife;
I quit her then and there before her argument was through,
As every good Protectionist makes it a rule to do.

Next mornin' just at sun-up, as I woke and rubbed my eyes,
A-wonderin' what she meant by "Rats," I saw to my surprise.
My clothes and hat and boots all ranged in order on the floor,
And bearin' each a card I'd swear I never saw before.

My flannel shirt displayed this sign, "Taxed 95 per cent;"
My trousers "Taxed 100,"—so this was what "Rats" meant;
My vest said "Taxed 100," and my shoes "Taxed 25;"
My coat and hat "200" with "Protection makes us thrive."

I went to fill the basin and I noticed as I came
"Taxed 45 per cent"—Great Scott! the towel said the same!
The soap was marked at "20," as I dropped it on the floor,
I chanced to see a scuttle full of coals, chalked "24."

I passed into the kitchen and it gives me pain to state
That my wife had on a woolen dress stamped "Only 58;"
And in shooing out a guinea-hen she made a little dive!
Which showed a pair of stockings with a card marked "35."

The baby in his little bed was lyin' fast asleep;
I always held the little chap as most uncommon cheap;
But when I saw them cards on blanket, pillow, crib and sheet,
I felt a lump rise in my throat; I knew that I was beat.

No matter where I went I struck them pesky little signs;
The stove, the plates, the knives, the forks, the window-sash and blinds.
The scissors, needles, thread, all bore that terrible per cent.;
Bigosh, I didn't dare to ask what card was on the rent.

Breakfast was the soberest meal I ever ate;
I just begun to think that protection came too late.
Then I left the table full of strange ideas,
N.P. didn't seem to me, to quiet all my fears.

I walked out to the barn, it seemed as if the yard
Was full of farming implements which bore a little card,
And seemed to say, from plough to spade, from thresher down to ax,
"Good mornin', John, and don't forget the tariff is a tax."

When 'lection comes I shall vote straight,
But not the way expected by the protection state.
I've been a "fool farmer" for more than a dozen years;
But I've learned a little common sense, as doubtless now appears."

DR. OWEN'S
ELECTRIC BELTS
And Spinal Appliances.
HEAD OFFICE—CHICAGO, ILL.

Dr. Owen's Electro-Galvanic Body Belt and Suspensory will cure the following: All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Troubles, Insomnia, Wasting of the Body, Exhaustion, Female Weakness, &c. This is the Latest and Greatest Improvement ever made and is superior to all others. Every buyer of an Electric Belt wants the latest—this he will find in the Owen Belt. It differs from all others, as it is a Battery Belt, and not a chain, rubber or wire belt. It will cure all complaints curable by Electricity or a Galvanic Battery. The Electric Current can be felt by anyone before it is applied to the body. If you will examine this belt you will buy no other. It has cured hundreds where the doctors have failed. Write for Testimonials and Illustrated Catalogues, enclosing 2c. postage.

The Owen Electric Belt Co.,
71 King St, West, Toronto.
G. C. PATTERSON, Mgr. for Canada.
ja24-m-w-6m

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY AND DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:—We respectfully offer ourselves for election as representatives for Victoria city and district in the House of Commons.

We present ourselves as distinctly Independent candidates, pledged to absolute loyalty to the interests of Victoria and of British Columbia. By long delay and shifty excuses the present Government has evaded or put aside the many requirements of this city and province, and this, too, while pledged supporters represented the District. We propose, by an honest Independency to force from an unwilling government those much needed reforms that its friends have admitted they cannot obtain.

Unrestricted Reciprocity, which is only one phase of the trade question, is an important issue in the present contest. We are in favor of the nearest possible approach to free trade with all countries that the necessities of the revenue will permit. We are in favor of the largest measure of reciprocity with the United States that it is possible to obtain with the approval of the Imperial Government. The Home Government has never shown any disposition in late years to thwart the will of the Canadian people, and when the prosperity of our country is at stake, it will not interpose objections to a treaty which would assure the enlargement of our trade to an enormous extent. A reciprocal trade arrangement with the United States would call for increased efforts to obtain other large and important markets for our produce. It would settle the vexed Behring Sea question, the Atlantic Fisheries Question and other disputes between the two nations, for countries allied by commerce would settle their international disputes better than by a tedious diplomacy.

Larger appropriations for public works in the province are manifestly necessary. Money wisely expended in improving the harbor of Victoria, placing beacon lights and buoys in dangerous portions around our coast, the provision of a life saving station at a suitable point on the west coast, together with substantial inducements to all railway projects that will tend to open up the resources of this province, would receive our cordial support.

We cordially approve the Victoria, Saanich & New Westminster railway, which would provide a much needed want for this city and district, and would urge upon the Goverment to subsidize this important enterprise. And we deprecate the shameful neglect of this city's interest by the Government in subsidizing a powerful railway corporation and the new line of steamship from the Orient to Vancouver, without obtaining substantial guarantees for the rapid transit of mails and merchandise from the East and compelling the steamships to call at this port on their outward and inward journeys.

The enlargement of the city and he growth of commerce calls for increased postal and customs facilities, and we would support all reasonable measures in this direction.

The Chinese labor question demands immediate attention. We believe it is necessary to place a higher tax upon imported Chinese labor, and that return certificates should be abolished.

As citizens of Canada—the most important dependency of the Crown—we declare our unswerving loyalty to the flag. We believe that by advocating trade expansion, on the above lines, we are at once loyal to ourselves and loyal to the Great Empire of which we form a part.

We have the honor, to be
Gentlemen,
Yours obediently,
WM. TEMPLEMAN,
WM. MARCHANT.

IMPERIAL
CREAM TARTAR
TRADE MARK
BAKING
POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES

STOP
THAT
COUGH

BRADEN'S
COUGH CURE
THE GREAT
ENGLISH
Cough Remedy
FOR
COUGHS
AND
COLDS

D. E. CAMPBELL,
Sole Manufacturer.

P. O. BOX 260.
TELEPHONE CALL 135.

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

GENTLEMEN,—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

ere are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man were to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every question that came up, no man, however clever a statesmen he might be, could carry on a government for a week.

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to unrestricted reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the over production of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans.

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by begging for reciprocity from the United States, as they have done lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis; and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. Unrestricted reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and still continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to protect ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I for one am not, and I trust and believe that comparatively few in Canada are. The land in Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us remain under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and energy and enterprise build up in time a nation just as great, just as powerful, and just as wealthy as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government in Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury. I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence, I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty, and is degrading the public service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese laborer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

I am in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co. and shall, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government.

If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the influx of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilized for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as nothing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering. I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give the my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interests of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Products, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to our coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence. I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and a Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BUOYS.

I will urge the construct on of Light Houses and buoys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidized by the Dominion Government shall call at the Port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best efforts in the interests of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
fe10 THOMAS EARLE.

F. G. Richards,
JUNIOR,
51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

GENUINE SNAPS
— THAT NEED NO —
Chromos, etc.

3 Acres, corner Gorge road and Harriet street 300 feet water frontage on the Gorge $9,500
600 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market
Beautiful 2-story residence: two lots; fine corner 6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner 4,500
Corner lot; Yates street 6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms each 1,900
2 lots; Rithet street; 54x180; each 925
Lot; Menzie street 950
Lot; South Turner 850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each 400
2 lots; corners; Pine street, Victoria West; each 375
Fine 2-story residence, Quadra street 5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government 15,000
2 nice lots Harrison street, near Yates street 750
1 lot San Juan avenue, James Bay 550
1 lot Croft street, James Bay 900
25 fine lots Victoria West on line of tramway; easy terms.....

Money to Loan,
Houses to Rent,
Interest and Rents Collected
CONVEYANCING
Carefully Attended To.

I. O. U.

BY HOWARD FIELDING.

It was decided to give a reception to the friends of the society, and a committee to decide what sort of a reception it should be was appointed by the chair, assisted by all the members simultaneously. In fact that was so much assistance that after the committee had been appointed nobody could remember who was on it. But by this time the course of debate had changed, and this very difficult question had arisen: "How shall we let the people who come to the reception find out how much we have learned that they don't know?" Various solutions of this problem were offered but they were all open to the objection of suggesting school days and graduating exercises. Russell thought that it would be a good idea to have each member of the society register a vow not to talk upon a frivolous subject with any young man at the reception—in his case, the resolution would read "young woman," of course. Each member should keep a record of the number of topics of conversation introduced by her and hitherto unheard of by the other party to the conversation. Every such topic should count one, and the member having the highest score at the end of the evening should be entitled to a prize which should be awarded in the presence of the society's guests.

This plan met with much favor at first, but finally it was voted down, on the ground that Russell would certainly win, and that that was why he suggested it, which was very mean of him, because, of course, he could find any quantity of girls who didn't know much, and probably he wouldn't play the game fairly, any way.

Then the question of a name came up again, followed by the appointment (and dissolution) of half a dozen more committees. The search for a motto came next, and it gradually drifted into a general conversation on music, millinery and the drama. Afterwards, some Russian tea was served; and then there was just time enough for a vote that Secretary Russell should come to the next meeting of the society prepared to give it a name, a motto and a subject for research.

CHAPTER IX.

THE MANHATTAN ELECTRO-MOTOR COMPANY.

"Go ahead and organize your company," said Gilbert Ray. "I haven't time to attend to it just now."

He and Russell had been discussing Deering's model. Ray was sure there was money to be got out of the machine, and Russell was sure that there was money to be got out of Ray, and both were satisfied.

"Of course it isn't worth while for me to spend much time on this thing at first," said Ray. "After you get it going so that we can work deals with it I'll step in, but the previous development I'll leave in your hands."

"But I can't organize a company all alone," Russell objected; "there are some sort of laws governing the process, I suppose."

"Sure," replied Ray, "you'll need a lawyer, and, of course, I'll put up for his fee. Then all you'll need will be three or four friends, and a few bottles of champagne. I'll stand the champagne. I won't appear in the company at the start. You and your friends will unite in signing an application for a charter."

"But we don't want to give away the nature of this machine just yet."

"There isn't any need of it. Tell your friends it's a contrivance for making doughnuts. They won't inquire into it. They'll be only dummies anyway. After your company's formed they'll nominally hold a share of stock each, par value ten dollars, but they won't put up any money. Just get some men who will be handy when you want to hold meetings. At the start they'll vote to transfer to you in consideration of the patent, etc., half the capital stock. I'll buy the other half, minus the three shares your friends hold. You and your friends can hold meetings without my being present. I'll tell you what to vote and you can tell the dummies."

It was on this plan that the Manhattan Electro-Motor Company was organized with a capital stock of one hundred thousand dollars, which Ray said would be increased soon. Russell had no difficulty in finding three men who would lend him their names for this purpose. He was to have an office in a room which was already the headquarters of several enterprises, and he chose his incorporators from among the men who had desks there. Having no interest in the company, they would always vote right as a matter of accommodation.

The first stockholders' meeting was held in a comfortable beer saloon across the way. Three of the stockholders shook dice for the drinks while Russell outlined the nature of various propositions which were favorably received, and recorded by the secretary, a young man who had been engaged to do clerical work, and who held a share of stock.

Ray had advised postponing any active operations till fall. This plan had not struck Russell favorably for he wanted to get hold of some money as quickly as possible.

"Borrow some on your stock," suggested Ray, when the young man ventured to hint that he was in need.

"But it isn't worth any thing yet. Nobody knows whether this machine will amount to any thing."

"Just let one or two men know quietly that I'm behind it," said Ray. "Let them hear that there's going to be a big boom on it, and that it's to be worked up in a hurry. Then go to those fellows and offer your stock as collateral for a loan."

"But I don't want to lose the stock."

"You don't have to lose it. After you've made the loan let the fellow hear that I've stepped out and that the whole thing has fallen into nothing. Let him get it quietly, like a straight tip. Then have a friend of yours go round to him and pick up your paper at about five per cent. on the dollar. You pay your friend a small commission and you'll be way ahead on the transaction."

To do Russell justice he was shocked by this proposition, and he continued to regard it as a temptation of Satan till about the middle of August, when he got very hard up, and worked the scheme on a confiding gentleman named James Remington. That is to say, he negotiated the loan with the knowledge that probably no other way out of the difficulty would present itself except that which Ray had suggested. Not only was his conscience disturbed by this affair, but he was tormented by the fear that John Deering would hear of it. Deering had kept out of sight of Ray according to agreement, but he had called frequently on Russell to ask how things were getting along. The first time, he had come with a paper for Russell to sign.

It was an agreement which put their relations into the form of a contract, terminable on the violation of certain obligations. Among them was a pledge that no stock-jobbing operations should be carried on in connection with the enterprise. Deering had begun to be suspicious.

"I wouldn't have this machine of mine used to further the designs of dishonesty," said he. "If there's going to be any crooked work I shall have to put my foot on it."

Russell did his best to reassure Deering. He described his own moral character in terms which made up in comprehensiveness what they lacked in substantiation. Then he cautiously disclosed the secret of Ray's connection with the enterprise, and said a few words about him which ought to have been saved for his obituary notice. But Deering did not seem to be impressed.

"I don't think much of those brokers," said he, "and his connection with this affair only makes me the more anxious. Those fellows always want something for nothing. They've got so used to buying and selling pieces of paper and promises, and reaping wheat where they have not sown, and floating the stock of railroads, which consist of half a cord of second-hand ties and a surveyor's report—they're so mixed up in business of that kind, I say, that they can't treat a really valuable commodity with proper respect. But if you people are going to sell machines, and not stock, it's all right."

Russell guaranteed this and every thing else which he could think of that seemed to require any supporting testimony. He took the moral character which he had previously constructed for himself and built a piazza around it and put on a couple of bay windows and a cupola. But he said that he thought it was too late to ask him to sign any papers.

"I can't help that," said Deering. "Invention hasn't been the mother of necessity with me as it has with some men. If you don't like my terms I can wait till Providence raises up somebody else to develop my invention."

If Russell had had faith that Providence would raise up another invention for him to develop he might have resisted this demand, but as the facts stood, he had no choice but to sign. The terms of the anti-fraud condition were put down in black and white and witnessed.

But Russell had a suspicion that when Gilbert Ray began actively to direct affairs there would be only one commandment, namely, the eleventh

(To be continued.)

A BICYCLIST'S TALE.

Why His Girl Felt Pad When He Was Thrown from His Machine.

"Some years ago I was very much impressed with a pretty girl," said a Chicago wheelman to a News reporter. "That is expressing it mildly, for, as a matter of fact, I was in love with her. I made an arrangement to take her to a ball one evening," said the bicyclist. "It was a swell affair, no ordinary occasion, and I looked forward to it with more than usual interest, and so did she.

"I was a member of a bicycle club then, and as such had entered in a race for a prize. The race took place on a day preceding the ball. Of course, I took my girl to view the event. I secured for her a good seat in the grand stand, where, as I proudly declared in my innermost thoughts, she would see me win a glorious victory. I was determined that my wheel should carry me right into her affections. The race was to be run on a course that was not the smoothest in the world. There were dangerous places in it, spots where a rider would be very likely to take a header if not careful.

"Three of us came to the scratch for the start, and we got away in great shape. For the first quarter or so I was second, following close behind the leader. The third man was uncomfortably close to me. On we went, each man straining every nerve, when in some way my competitor behind me ran into me. He struck the little wheel of my bicycle, and the result was that we both went down in a heap. There was a terrible mixture of wheels and men for a while.

"Of course the accident caused a good deal of excitement among the spectators. A murmur of horror went up, but above it all could be heard the screams of my girl. As I was trying to extricate myself from the ruins she arose in her seat and cried out:

"'Oh, he is killed! he is killed! Who will take me to the ball now, who will take me to the ball?'"

Relics of Old Rome.

The pickaxe can hardly be stuck anywhere into the soil of modern Rome without bringing to light some relic of the old Empire or the later Republic. While laying some water pipe the other day, says a correspondent, the workmen unearthed a fine bust in Carrara marble of the Empress Faustina. The bust is quite uninjured. In a vineyard belonging to the Capuchins a statue has been resurrected which is recognized as a statue of the Goddess of Fortune. Ten feet below the surface in the Via Polla has been found an ancient Roman road which is undoubtedly the road that in early Roman times led from the city to the Flaminian gate. Thirty feet below the surface in another part of the city have just been found the remains of an old Roman house, parts of which are in a tolerable state of preservation.

Pocket knives, table cutlery, scissors etc., at Fox's.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder

Most Perfect Made

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—
Superior to every other known.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.
Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes
Palatable and Wholesome.
No other baking powder does such work.

CENTRAL BOOK STORE,

ALL THE LATEST BOOKS. Books and Stationery COMPLETE LINES OF PAPER.

AND ALL THE NEWEST NOVELTIES.

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BANK of BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1862.

Capital Paid Up, - £600,000---$3,000,000
[WITH POWER TO INCREASE.]
Reserve Fund, - - 200,000--- 1,000,000

THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN

A Savings Bank Department

in connection with their General Banking Business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1 and upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for, an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.

WM. C. WARD, Manager.

Victoria, 2nd January, 1891.

WEILER BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO JOHN WEILER,

have Complete Lines in the following Goods:

FURNITURE, CURTAINS,
CARPETS, CROCKERY,
LINOLEUMS, GLASSWARE,
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HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Show Rooms 51 to 55 Fort st.; Factory Humboldt st.

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THE ONE PRICE

CASH BOOT & SHOE STORE

IS NOW OPEN.

Boots and Shoes, Trunks and Valises, etc.

Our entire Stock is New and Fresh, and marked in plain figures at Lowest Prices.
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ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

PENDRAY'S

MALT AND WHITE WINE VINEGAR

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124 Government street,
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STEAMBOATS.

FOR THE NORTH.

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

"DANUBE,"

(CAPT. WALBRAN),
WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF,
FOR

Port Simpson and Way Ports

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, March 4th.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserve the right to change this notice at any time without notification.

JNO. IRVING,
fe19-td Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER ISABEL

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,

Until further notice,
The Steamer ISABEL will call as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 5 a.m
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 13,

Taking effect July 17, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria for Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 8 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 14:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 14:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Chilliwhack and Way Landings every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

Bute Inlet Route.

Steamer Rainbow leaves every Tuesday at 7 a.m., for Cowichan, New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Bute Inlet and way ports.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
Steamers leave on Standard Time.

JOHN IRVING,
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. Manager.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every five days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails,
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - Feb. 28th

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street.

FOR HONOLULU

S.S. ZEALANDIA, Tuesday Mar. 10th.
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, Mar. 24, 1891, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
ALAMEDA .....THURSDAY, Mar. 5, 1891 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
nov26 General Agents.

STEAMER FOR SALE

The Twin Screw Steamer Cariboo Fly,

as she now lies on the ways at the Star Ship Yard, together with her outfit of boats, life boats, bedding, linen, etc.
Length 132ft 2in.
Beam 22ft. 3in.
281 87-100 Tons.

For further particulars apply to

HENRY SAUNDERS,
Johnson street, Victoria.
Nanaimo and Vancouver papers please copy.
fe10-tf

DURING REBUILDING

H. L. SALMON,

Smokers' Provider,

— HAS —

Removed to 111 Government St.,

NEARLY OPPOSITE.

All Smokers articles at cost on account of lack of room. ja27-3m

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BANKERS,

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Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency.
Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates.
Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada.
Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.
Agents for Wells Fargo & Co.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Wellington.
	Ar. 12.30 p.m.	Ar. 6.05 p.m.	
VICTORIA	12.15 p.m.	5.50 p.m.	81
RUSSELLS	12.10 "	5.44 "	77
ESQUIMALT	11.45 a.m.	5.19 "	62
GOLDSTREAM	11.35 "	5.10 "	59
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	10.50 "	4.25 "	44
COBBLE HILL	10.41 "	4.14 "	39
McPHERSON'S	10.27 "	3.59 "	32
DUNCANS	10.17 "	3.49 "	27
KOKSILAH	10.08 "	3.40 "	22
SOMENOS	9.56 "	3.28 "	14
CHEMAINUS	9.36 "	3.11 "	3
NANAIMO Lv.	9.30 "	3.05 "	0
NANAIMO Ar.	9.25 "	3.00 "	0
WELLINGTON	8.00 "	1.30 "	3

GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.

STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat. and Mon.	Miles from Victoria.
	Dp. 8.00 a.m.	Dp. 2.20 p.m.	
VICTORIA	8.50 "	3.30 "	1
RUSSELLS	8.45 "	3.24 "	7
ESQUIMALT	8.40 "	3.19 "	11
GOLDSTREAM	8.25 "	3.05 "	18
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	7.44 "	2.24 "	33
COBBLE HILL	7.34 "	2.14 "	38
McPHERSON'S	7.27 "	2.07 "	42
DUNCANS	7.17 "	1.57 "	47
KOKSILAH	7.07 "	1.47 "	52
SOMENOS	6.55 "	1.35 "	60
CHEMAINUS	6.35 "	1.15 "	72
NANAIMO Ar.	6.20 "	1.00 "	81

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passeng 'Agent.
oct1

TAKE THE BEST

TOURISTS FAVORITE LINE

Canadian Pacific Ry.

Through fast trains leave Vancouver daily for all points east and south; $5 to $10 lower than other lines.

Excursion tickets available for six months

AT REDUCED RATES

To New York, Boston, Montreal, Chicago, St. Louis, New Orleans and other points with choice of routes.

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D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent,
Vancouver mh10

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

— THE —

Northern Pacific

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Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second class Tickets, and
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jan2

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

— AND —

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

THOS A. GRAHAM
Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash
E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

NANAIMO NOTES.

Items Picked up by the "Times" Nanaimo Correspondent.

A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

Edward Ellis, one of the underground stablemen, employed at the Wellington collieries had a miraculous escape on Tuesday night when about to return home. It appears when Ellis was about to step on the cage he gave the signal to hoist, which signal was interpreted by the engineer that coal was being sent up. Without waiting a second the cage was hoisted quickly and in attempting to get on Ellis was caught between the guard and the cage, with the result that he was immediately precipitated into the sump. His cries attracted a few miners to the scene, and before the cage could again descend he was extricated from his dangerous position. The injured man was taken to his home where he was examined by Dr. Eberts, who found that one of his legs was broken. The injured man had a narrow escape from being crushed to death.

A NURSERY AT NANAIMO.

Mr. J. Brunt, has successfully started a nursery at Nanaimo river and many handsome flowers grown by him already adorn the windows and tables of many of the hotels. It is a well known fact that the soil of Nanaimo is of a very rich nature and flowers and vegetables flourish here abundantly. It is believed the new nursery will turn out to be a financial success, as it has always been customary for Nanaimoites to send to Victoria for flowers.

ALL QUIET AT WELLINGTON.

The excitement which prevailed at Wellington last week has disappeared and once more that district enjoys its usual tranquility. The processions of the Union miners go on as heretofore without any molestation from the police. It is generally believed at Wellington that Mr. Tully Boyce will be successful in getting the market at San Francisco shut off on the Wellington coal. It is claimed that these collieries are turning out 1000 tons per day but there is every reason to believe that this is greatly exaggerated.

A FRIENDLY VISIT.

Mount Benson Lodge of I. O. G. T. paid the Onward Lodge a friendly visit on Wednesday evening, and were handsomely entertained during the evening. Although the former is nearly a new lodge still it is believed in the course of another few weeks it will surpass the latter. The Good Templars are becoming dangerous opponents to the granting of license, and at present three saloons at Northfield are anxiously awaiting their license which has so far not yet been granted owing to the strong fight made by the temperance party.

THE PUMPKIN PIE SOCIAL.

The pumpkin pie social which was given in the Methodist church on Wednesday evening was a grand success. The visitors were joyously entertained by tea, etc., after which a very lengthy programme consisting of singing, recitations, etc., was attentively listened to and highly appreciated. The sale of fancy needle work was one of the chief inducements of the evening and the "Ladies Aid," was highly gratified at the results of the sales.

Meetings This Evening.

At the Lyceum the Moral Reform association will hold their first meeting.

A special meeting of the Sons of St. George has been called, at which business of importance will be transacted.

Close of Boot and Shoe Sale.

Our great annual boot and shoe sale will close Saturday night, 28th instant. Our spring stock is now en route, and comprises every description of ladies', gents' and children's wear from the best manufacturers only. Our prices for boots and shoes is always exactly cost. We sell them only to gain your trade in other lines. Russell and McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

Offered To-day.

A fine residential lot on Yates street.

Several lots in James Bay convenient to the city.

Lots in Victoria West convenient to tramway, price $425 to $500.

Business property in the heart of the city.

D. W. Morrow & Co., 60 Government street.

A Pleasant Evening.

Those young gentlemen who organized the Western Star club of Victoria West held their first dance last evening and as surmised, was thoroughly enjoyable. A number of Victorians taking advantage of the accomodation offered by the street car company, went out and spent a pleasant evening, returning at 12 o'clock, each pleased with the manner in which they were entertained.

Delta Wheat Farms.

The Delta correspondent of the Ledger says that Messrs. Hall, Ross & Co., of the Victoria Flour Mill, have placed forty tons of Manitoba seed wheat with Mr. McNeeley, their agent here, for distribution amongst the Delta farmers. Messrs. Hall Ross & Co. find this seed gratis and give $60 per ton for the wheat raised therefrom. The whole of the forty tons have been disposed of, which means an area of about 800 acres under wheat this coming season, and this crop alone should bring about $25,000 into the settlement. The wheat grown during the past year from similar seed averaged sixty-four pounds to the bushel, and is now being manufactured in Victoria into flour and making a great name for itself as the "Delta Brand."

Other's Opinions.

The two principal papers of Seattle, the Telegraph and the Post Intelligencer, have both published very complimentary remarks on Victoria's municipal report for 1890. The Post-Intelligencer in its summing up shows that the price of police protection in Victoria is annually but $13,000, while in Seattle for one month it is nearly $8,000. The Victoria fire department costs but $19,000 annually while in Seattle it is over $100,000. The same article goes on to show that the revenues of Seattle are only double those of Victoria. The Telegraph, after an exhaustive review of the report ends by saying "the pamphlet comprises 102 pages, neatly arranged and bound, and is indicative of the apparently well conducted business of the city government of Victoria, alike creditable to the city and Mayor Grant."

Hon. A. N. Richards, Q.C., is chairman, and Mr. Thos. Deasy secretary of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant's general committee. You'll find the rooms at 106 Yates street, next the Clarence.

Floods in California.

Telegraphic advices from California state that floods are common there now. Much damage has been done, farms and houses have been ruined, and railways and bridges washed out.

Colonistic Cowardice.

Another instance of the Colonist's cowardice. It publishes Col. Prior's letter denying that he referred to Chief Deasy in the theatre; it says nothing of its own back door, spiteful attack on Mr. Deasy. This is how the Colonist gets out of its "dirty work." It is characteristic, that's all.

Work Stopped.

The work of repairing the government bridges in Cowichan district which were wasted away by the floods some weeks ago, has been stopped, and the inhabitants of that section of the country are much inconvenienced thereat. It is said the work of repairing was not let by contract but given to government supporters. Hence the delay.

Charges Not Listened to.

A circular has been published by F. G. Twigg and others, of Vancouver, making serious charges against that city's police magistrate. The police committee of the Terminal City have resolved to bring into the council at their next meeting a resolution expressing confidence in the present magistrate and in the manner in which he has acted. They also expressed themselves as highly satisfied with the whole police department.

Tourist's Spoons.

Very neat souvenirs of Victoria for tourists are being manufactured by A. A. Clayton of the Diamond Palace, Government street. They are known as "tourists spoons." Each spoon has etched into its bowl the word "Victoria, B. C," while on the handle is engraved the coat of arms of the province. As mementoes of a visit to this city the articles will be of much attractiveness. It is also the intention of the maker to turn out smaller spoons, with the same engraving, but fitted as pins, this being a fad of the fashionable just now.

PASSENGERS.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—H McDermott, M Beye, Mrs Deadon and daughter, Jno Gardner, Chas Wilson, G D Bennett, B Jeffrey, Howard Fleming Rev McLeod, D McManis, Miss Thorne, Capt A W Smith, H E Lutz, F Farrington, Peter Shank, C R Walker and wife, J Wotton, Mrs Connor, W W Evans, J Lewis, H L Stimson, J McDonald, T D Jones, Jos Sweeney, Geo Russell.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—W Thibaudeau, Jas L Raymur, Jno Dougall, Miss Dunsmuir, Judge W N Bole, K Peiser, E Buse, R W Armstrong, Jas Cunningham, C M Beecher, Jno Henderson, J Coldfarlpe, Rev J H White, Alex Ewen, J Turnbull, J Elliot, A S G Hammersley, Mr and Mrs Joe Headry, M Sinclair, Thos Cunningham.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—W Gillard, T A Wilson, F F Coby and wife, M Maloney, W S Shnaidt, C H Davidson, F S Laythe, J Johnson, Pat Malony, Mrs. Prichard, W Dodge and wife, E Godfrey, C Reed, J Nathan, A Boropan, F S Barlow and wife, G Johnson, T Brown, J Graham.

Per Steamer Louise from New Westminster—J I Seabrook, J Wilson, J Little, D Hake, T Graham, Rev J I D Forrest, Miss Forrest, Capt Johns, R N, Mah Chong.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—B Gordon, David Spencer, C Strones & Co, T W Fletcher, P B, F C Davidge, W Croft, The Henderson Factory, Order, S J Martin, Clark & Pearson, H Mansell, TIMES Pub Co, Henderson Printing Co, McLean & Stewart, Jno Weiler, A Lewis & Co, Hinn Lung, W F & J Barnes, J Piercy & Co, J Barnsley, W Powell, M W Watt, Jas Fisher, E Harelson, S Hilbard, D H Ross, E H Marvin, J H Todd, F McGuade, Cowtan & Wilson, Langley & Co, T Shotbolt, E Peck, H Lapierre, Dom Exp Co, J Hutchinson, G F Giles, R R McMicking, W H Phillips, A Phillips, Hudson Bay Co, Lenz & Leiser, Langley & Co, J Barnsley, T N Hibben, W J Jeffree, John Meston, Cochrane & Munn, H Waller, Matthew R & Tye, Jennie Gray, R H Jamison.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Mrs J Pritchard.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—N Campbell, L G Wing, Mann & H, A B Gray, L G Davidson, H Mansell, P McGuade, Albion Iron Works, John Parker, J Barnsley, F G Prior, Langley & Co, Vann & Brooks, John Wilson.

Per steamer Louise, from Westminster—McNeil & Jones, Dom Exp Co, B & Ker, D Hoke, Brown Bros, Victoria Truck and Dray Co, G Lindsay, Young Bros, C P N Co, G Vienna, Occidental Hotel, T Earle, Fairall & Co, G Tollick.

ELECTION NOTICE.

The Independent Candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, will address the electors at the following places, meetings commencing at 8 p.m. each evening:

Thursday, Feb. 26, Work Estate School House.
Friday, " 27, Vic. West, Blue Ribbon Hall.
Saturday, " 28, Spring Ridge School House.
Monday, Mar. 2nd Parsons Bridge.
Tuesday, " 3rd Cedar Hill.
Wednesday, " 4th Victoria Theatre.

THOMAS DEASY,
Secretary.

LYCEUM.

Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c. Centrally located, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted, warmed with hot air, very easy to enter and leave, comfortable seats may be provided for about 600 persons; now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to
fe10-1m A. DECOSMOS.

DR. LEWIS HALL

DENTIST.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
Gas, ether and also latest improved electric vibrator used for painless extraction of teeth.
Graff & Norris Block, 9 Douglas street
Office Hours:—9 a.m., to 5 p.m.

DUCK LUNG,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

Employment office and contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Fisgard street Victoria. P.O. box 457. de1-3m

King of Medicines

A Cure "Almost Miraculous."

"When I was 14 years of age I had a severe attack of rheumatism, and after I recovered had to go on crutches. A year later, scrofula, in the form of white swellings, appeared on various parts of my body, and for 11 years I was an invalid, being confined to my bed 6 years. In that time ten or eleven sores appeared and broke, causing me great pain and suffering. I feared I never should get well.

"Early in 1886 I went to Chicago to visit a sister, but was confined to my bed most of the time I was there. In July I read a book, 'A Day with a Circus,' in which were statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was so impressed with the success of this medicine that I decided to try it. To my great gratification the sores soon decreased, and I began to feel better and in a short time I was up and out of doors. I continued to take Hood's Sarsaparilla for about a year, when, having used six bottles, I had become so fully released from the disease that I went to work for the Flint & Walling Mfg. Co., and since then

HAVE NOT LOST A SINGLE DAY

on account of sickness. I believe the disease is expelled from my system, I always feel well, am in good spirits and have a good appetite. I am now 27 years of age and can walk as well as any one, except that one limb is a little shorter than the other, owing to the loss of bone, and the sores formerly on my right leg. To my friends my recovery seems almost miraculous, and I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is the king of medicines." WILLIAM A. LEIGH, P.N. Railroad St., Kendallville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

AUCTION SALE.

Owing to the large amount of Goods received for sale, we are obliged to hold a SPECIAL SALE of all

KINDS OF MERCHANDISE, ETC,

On Tuesday Next, 24 inst.,

at 7 p. m., and in future will sell every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening at 7 p. m.

MORTIMER & COMPANY,
Auctioneers and Commission Sale Rooms,
fe23-1w 122 Government Street.

CHIMNEYS

Cleaned Cheaper than Ever Before

and repaired. Orders left at L. Dickinsons' grocery store, opposite City Hall, or at No. 25 St. Louis street will be promptly attended to. fe23-1m EDWARD BLAIN.

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. de25-1y

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of John Weiler, prior to January 31st are hereby requested to call and settle their account at once at the office of

WEILER BROS.
Victoria, Feb. 20, 1891. fe21-2w

A CUP OF GOOD COFFEE

— BOILING HOT —

Is Just the thing for this weather.

A good square dinner for 25c. is still better at the ELITE.

fe21-tf G. AMORESE.

COME AND SEE

THE NEW JAPANESE STORE

Just received a large importation of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN and we are now able to offer to the Public the finest lot of Japanese Curios in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced. As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have.

Respectfully Yours,

"ROKUBAN,"

NEW JAPANESE STORE,

150 Government street near Johnson.

no18-1m

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described timber land in Renfrew District:—Commencing at a post about ¼ of a mile west of Point No Point; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south about 60 chains to the beach; thence easterly along the shore 80 chains to point of commencement.

WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria, 16th Feb. 1891. fe24-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following pieces of land situated in Renfrew District, described as follows:—

No. 1. Commencing at a post on the western line of the E. & N. Railway lands; thence west 50 chains; thence south 60 chains, more or less, to the beach; thence easterly 50 chains; thence north 60 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.

No. 2. Commencing at a post on the beach about 30 chains west of Coal Creek; thence north 120 chains; thence west 100 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 100 chains to the eastern boundary line; all for timber.

WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria, Feb. 16, 1891. fe24-1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided ⅔ in of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii also Subdivision Lot No. 15 on Suburban Lot xiv and xxxvii, and Sections lxi and lxii Esquimalt Dis-

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas A Kinsman the 16th day of April, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by a man or woman claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 5th Jan., 1891. Jan. 8-3m.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," large consignment of the celebrated

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.

mar19

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE & EXCHANGE

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.—We buy and issue drafts on all the principal cities of **Canada, Europe** and the **United States,** at the Most Favorable Rates. We also buy and sell **Stocks and Shares.**

Offers will be received for **19 Tramway Shares.**

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.—We have a large list of property for sale from which we extract the following:—

Acreage, Saanich road	$300 to $1,500	Lots on Douglas street from	$13,000 to 50,000	Lots on Dallas Road from	$850 to 1,600
Acreage Fowl Bay Road per ¼ acre	400	2 Lots on Government Street	5,000	Lots, Work Estate and Spring Ridge	$500 to 1,000
5½ Acres, cleared, Esquimalt road	7,000	Lots on Burnside Road, each	325	Lots in Beacon Hill Park from	$1000 to 1,500
Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, from $200 to	325	Lots on Cadboro Bay Road from	$375 to 1,000	First class Boarding House Furnished	12,500

Houses, Lots and Acreage for sale in all parts of Victoria and neighborhood. Money to loan on mortgage. City Agents for the Caledonia Insurance Co. of Edinburgh.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, etc., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, Eng.; The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo.

fe11-6m

MUNICIPAL.

SEALED TENDERS ADDRESSED TO THE City Clerk will be received until 4 p.m., on Tuesday the 3rd March for the erection of a Pipe Shed and fencing.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Sanitary Engineer, City Hall.

Tenders must be accompanied by a certified cheque or cash equivalent to five per cent of the amount of Tender. fe26-4t

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the undersigned until Tuesday next, the 3rd day of March prox., for the construction of an exercise wagon for Fire Department purposes.

Specifications of same may be seen at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order of the Fire Wardens,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Feb. 21 1891. fe23-td

MUNICIPAL.

PERSONS sending in communications to the City Council in future, are hereby requested to take notice that such communications should be sent in to the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock on Tuesday of each week, otherwise they may not be considered by the Council at its regular meeting on the Wednesday evening following.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891. 29 t.C.M.C.

MUNICIPAL.

THE By-Laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, complete to date, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned upon the payment of $2 per copy.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the undersigned until Wednesday the 11th of March prox at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation 100 tons of 4 inch cast iron water pipes.

Specifications may be seen at this office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office. C. M. C.
feb26-td

MUNICIPAL.

Dogs at Large.

The public are requested to take notice that all dogs found at large within the city limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year, will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall.

By order CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Jan28-1m

Do You Want to Buy a Farm?

We have every description of Acre Property, and can sell you land that will increase in value and prove a good investment.

Do You Want to Sell a Farm?

Write or call on T. G. Rayner, who has great demand for good farms, and quick returns guaranteed.

Do You Want a Building Site?

Our list is complete and we can give you a lot that will grow in value. We never lie in property that decreases in value. No Lottery. No Wild-cat Speculation. All Genuine Business.

T. G. RAYNER.

Real Estate Broker, Fire and Life Insurance, Notary Public.
BANK BUILDING, TROUNCE AVE.
fe19

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Victoria, Dec 11, 1890. de13-tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

Many Thanks for Past Favors.

My health having improved I will try and serve you a while longer. Now

AT WINTER RATES

Bring on your wagons, carriages and agricultural implements to be thoroughly overhauled. We will give you satisfaction.

To Miners, Stonecutters and Quarrymen

We have the largest tools in the Province. Tools also for repairing.

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.
WM. POWELL.

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtain- from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

dec30

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO 6 o'clock of Wednesday, 4th March for the erection and completion of a residence to be built on the corner of Menzies and Rithet street.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Hooper and Goddard.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

HOOPER & GODDARD,
fe25 3t Architects, over Spencer's Arcade

GRAND PALACE HOTEL

81 TO 103 NORTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.

5 Minutes from Court House.

Both Plans.

Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up.

Restaurant by Compagnon late Chicago Club chef

POPULAR PRICES. NEW HOUSE.

Cut this out for further reference. fe19-1m

CHEAP LOTS

Lot James Bay $550; $100 cash and balance on time.

Lot Chatham street; party can build and pay for lot in two years.

4 Lots, $375 each; five minutes walk from tram cars; $10 per month.

Small House and Lot $1000.

Lot Esquimalt Road $700.

6 Acres Lake Hill District $400 per acre, close to proposed Tram Car line.

Lot Fernwood Estate very easy terms.

House and Lot James Bay, $2650.

10 roomed House and 1 acre of land, $5000; easy terms.

5½ acres of land, Lake Hill District, beautiful garden land $600 per acre.

A. TOLLER, 100 Broad St.
feb 18-tf

Bourchier, Croft & Mallette

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - - Colonist Block, Victoria, B.C.

BRANCH OFFICES: Hamley Block, New Westminster; Front St., Port Angeles.

AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

The Conservatives Evidently do Favor Reciprocity, in Votes, at Least.

One of the proposers of Messrs. Prior and Earle's nomination is Mr. Patrick Hickey, an American citizen. This seems to indicate that the members of the G.O.P. are in favor of reciprocity when a question of votes arises.

Just how the two candidates will explain how it is that an American citizen came to be one of their nominators is a question the average intelligent voter would no doubt like answered. It seems strange when so many British subjects are about, to see figuring as a proposer a well-known American citizen. No doubt now that attention has been called to the fact, a due explanation will be given, and the question of reciprocity in votes settled.

County Court.

On account of the elections, county court will be adjourned from the 5th of March to the week following.

Special Notice.

Ladies are invited to inspect the latest novelties in black and colored jackets just received. Also a few elegant wraps and ulsters suitable for the present and spring seasons, including the 42nd Lorne and Fife tartans. All marked at low prices to insure a clearance.

BROWN & WHITE. 1m.

Sable Serenaders.

A local minstrel troupe known as the Sable Serenaders, are in practice for an entertainment to be given Easter week in aid of the Cathedral building fund. It is said that the burnt cork artists will be deliciously funny, and a good show is assured.

Agency.

Allan, Anchor, Cunard, Compagnie General, Guion, Hamburg-American, Inman, North German Lloyd and White Star Lines. Berths secured in advance by telegraph free of charge. Orders issued for pre-paid passages from Great Britain or the continent through to destination at lowest rates. Hall, Goepel & Co., fire, life and marine insurance agents, 100 Government st. *

The World Enriched.

The facilities of the present day for the production of everything that will conduce to the material welfare and comfort of mankind are almost unlimited and when Syrup of Figs was first produced the world was enriched with the only perfect laxative known, as it is the only remedy which is truly pleasing and refreshing to the taste and prompt and effectual to cleanse the system gently in the Spring time or, in fact, at any time and the better it is known the more popular it becomes.

Trouble Over a Mine.

A despatch from Vancouver says a party of men sent by B. Springer a few days ago to take possession of a galena mine on Bowen Island, have returned and reported that they were driven off at the muzzle of a rifle, and that a man named Moore had taken up the claim. Moore spent quite a sum in developing the claim, but abandoned it. Moore put on men who, when the other party arrived to take possession, drove them off with a shotgun. The mine is said to be very rich.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Ladies rubbers 25 cents at Martins, 47 Johnson street. *

Winter has been a long time about it, but it has got there at last.

Cheap sideboards and bedroom suites at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Mens' rubbers 50 cents at Martins', 47 Johnson street. *

Another commodious hall for public meetings. See Lyceum. *

The Islander brought an unusually large amount of freight to Victoria last night.

The cheapest spot on earth to buy boots and shoes is at Martins', 47 Johnson street. *

The steamer Maude left for Alberni last night with 60 tons of freight and four passengers.

Razors and a complete line of shaving materials always on hand at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

The Louise which arrived from Westminster last evening, reported very little ice in the river for this season of the year.

Dr. Quinlan has removed his dental office to 50½ Government street, next bank of British Columbia. *

Harry C. Head, manager of the Alpha music hall at Tacoma, is missing with his wife, and it is believed he has come to Victoria. He left a lot of debts behind. Head was formerly connected with the Spanish students combination.

The eight-hour law bill has been defeated in the Washington State legislature by only one vote.

The most unique article in furniture yet shown is the "Parlor Mantel Folding Bed," at Hastie & Erskine's. Call and see them. *

At Westminster on Wednesday, Miss Catherine Grant, eldest unmarried daughter of the late Capt. Grant, died very suddenly after a few days illness from typhoid-pneumonia.

Some elegant patterns of Brussels carpet for season 1891, just to hand, at Weiler Bros., successors to Jno. Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

The Grand Sonora mine in Southern California, has turned out to be worth five million dollars, and the owners of the property, who are residents of Port Townsend, are very cheerful.

Two carloads of new goods in Antique Oak furniture, just received at Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

The army of the United States needs men, and a recruiting office has been opened at Seattle. Thirteen dollars a month is the pay. Americans are desired, but anything that can speak English is accepted.

The Queen City Building, Loan and Savings Association is prepared to pay SIX per cent. interest per annum on all deposits of 50 cents per month and upwards. Subscribe for shares at 46 Fort street. *

Obstructed nostrils and catarrhal conditions of nose and throat can be relieved by the new electrical process. Apparatus shown and treatment explained. Dr. Ernest Hall, late assistant in Central London Throat Hospital. Office corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

The diplomas awarded at the Royal Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition last fall have been prepared and will be distributed in a few day. They are very handsomely gotten up, presenting a fine view of the park buildings and the driving course.

Reckitt & Sons, Limited, are the largest manufacturers of laundry blue in the world—due to the uniform excellence of their productions—and have testimonials from the laundries of H. R.H. Prince of Wales, H.R.H. Duke of Edinburgh and H.R.H. Duke of Connaught, etc., etc. Reckitt's blue is used in Europe, Asia, Africa, America and Australia. Sold by R. H. Jameson, 33 Fort street. Telephone 128.

Independent meeting in Victoria West Hall on Friday evening. Chair taken at eight o'clock.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

The Islander will leave for Vancouver at 3:30 hereafter, instead of four o'clock.

The Umatilla is due from San Francisco to-night with a number of passengers for Victoria.

Steamer Olympian still lies at Seattle. Her owners say she is making money where she is, as she had been running at a loss for some time previous to her lay up.

British ship British Isles arrived at 'Frisco on Wednesday in charge of her first mate, as Capt. Southcott had died at sea. The vessel experienced very bad weather just previous to her arrival.

News from San Francisco has been received to the effect that the schooner E. B. Marvin of this port was spoken off the Columbia river a few days ago with nine seals. She reported very bad weather.

The tug boat combine on Puget Sound is causing considerable growling among ship owners. The ship Commodore was billed for $1200 recently, and the bark Bundaleer had to pay over $600, when her rate according to the tariff was only some $400.

If Your House is on Fire

You put water on the burning timbers, not on the smoke. And if you have catarrh you should attack the disease in the blood, not in your nose. Remove the impure cause, and the local effect subsides. To do this, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great purifier, which radically and permanently cures catarrh. It also strengthens the nerves. Be sure to get only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report, compiled by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E., for the 24 hours ending at 1 p.m. to-day.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 27, 1891.

26	Ther'ter	Baro'eter	Wind.	Remarks.
1 p.m.	34.0	29.83	N N E	Cloudy
6 p.m.	35.0	29.80	N E	Fair
10 p.m.	32.0	29.80		Clear
27				
6 a.m.	29.4	29.80	N N E	Fair
1 p.m.	34.0	29.78		Clear

Temperature—Highest, 36; lowest, 28.

Meeting at Cedar Hill.

The meeting called at Cedar Hill for Monday evening next, at which *Messrs. Prior and Earle* will address the electors, *will commence at 7 o'clock*, instead of 8 o'clock as heretofore advertised.

H. D. HELMCKEN,
Secretary.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U.S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NASAL BALM

NEVER FAILS

CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, nasal discharges, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be cured in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO.,
Brockville, Ont.

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth restored by Implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Calls made at residence when required. d25-1f

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 20.

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special Inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Kettle Creek, Okanagan and Monashee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices. ja12-t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

To Building Contractors

Rock, Dimension or Rubble.

Will be supplied by the undersigned in any quantity. Apply to

Geo. Jones, McPherson's Station, E. & N. Ry. fe27-6m

MUNICIPAL.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 11th day of March, prox., for supplying the Corporation with hardware, nails, etc., forage, lumber, coal and wood.

Forms of tender supplied at this office.

A certified cheque for $20 to accompany each tender.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, 27th Feb. 1891. fe27-td

NOTICE.

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE SONS OF St. Grouse will be held in lodge room on Friday, 27th inst. Business of importance. All members are requested to attend.

feb26 C. B. LOCKHART, Sec'y.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

FIRST PUBLIC MEETING

— OF THE —

Moral Reform Association

— ON —

FRIDAY EV'G. FEB. 27th

— AT THE —

Lyceum Hall

(Old Methodist Church.)

Addresses on the principles of the Association by leading ministers and laymen. fe25-2t

HEADQUARTERS FOR

CHEAP PROPERTY

House and Lot, Victoria West	$850
Lot, Russell Street, Victoria West	550
Lot, Esquimalt Road, " "	440
Lot, Hereward Road, " "	350
Lot, Parry Street, James Bay	850
Lot, Oak Bay Avenue	350
Eight Acres Good Land Near City, per acre	175

Easy terms can be effected by us.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

30 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.